

ROLLING STONES

BAND SCORE THE BEST OF



Tell Me
Route 66
Carol
Paint It, Black
(I Can't Get No) Satisfaction
Get Off Of My Cloud
Street Fighting Man
Jumpin' Jack Flash
Honky Tonk Women

Gimmie Shelter
Let It Bleed
Sympathy For The Devil (Live)
Brown Sugar
Tumbling Dice
Angie
Let's Spend The Night Together (Live)
Time Is On My Side (Live)
Harlem Shuffle

SHINKA MUSIC PUB.CO.,LTD.

THE BEST OF THE ROLLING STONES

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TELL ME (YOU'RE COMING BACK)

テル・ミー

Words & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richard

イントロはTempo Rubato (テンポ・ルバート)、つまり自由なテンポで、と指示があるが、ベースとドラムはタイミングを合わせるために一定のリズムをキープするようにした方がよいだろう。三つ部分からは、ボーカルをキックケにしてリズムをスタートさせればよい。Guitar Iはアコースティック・ギターを使っているものだ。イントロはアルペジオ風のフレーズを弾いている。その他の部分はコード・ストロークを行っている。このコード・ストロークは、6弦すべてを鳴らしてはいないので、コードを奏する方も楽なものでよいだろう。四の部分のドラムは、シンバルを使って静かにプレイしている。ここはあまりうるさく

ならないように注意したい。四からは、エレクトリック・ギターのGuitar IIもスタートし、ドラムも普通の8ビート・パターンを叩いているが、この曲ではスネア・ドラムを使わず、代わりにタンバリンを打っている。Guitar IIのエレクトリック・ギターのサウンドは、ディストーションさせないクリアーなものだ。リア側のピックアップを使って、高音を強調したサウンドで弾くと良いだろう。四の部分ではギター・ソロを弾いている。ここではアルペジオ奏法によるフレーズを弾いているので、左手のフィンガリングは、コードを押えたままでよいだろう。

The musical score is arranged in six staves, labeled on the left as Vocal, Chorus, Guitar I, Guitar II, Bass, and Drums. The key signature is one flat (Bb) and the time signature is 4/4. The score is divided into three main sections: an Intro, a Chorus, and a Guitar Solo. The Intro is marked 'Tempo Rubato' and features a vocal line with a single note, a chorus line with a single note, and guitar lines with arpeggiated chords. The Chorus is marked 'In Tempo' and features a vocal line with the lyrics 'I / You / I', a chorus line with a single note, and guitar lines with strummed chords. The Guitar Solo is marked 'Guitar' and features a guitar line with a complex arpeggiated pattern. The Bass and Drums parts provide a steady rhythmic foundation throughout the piece.

Vocal *Bb* *F* *Bb*

went you back a - gain
said we're through be - fore
as the days go by
I _____
You _____
I _____

walked want your
long out on me
for the nights

Other

Guitar I 4 4

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *F* *B* *Dm* *Eb*

love a - gain I know you find it hard
be - fore I tried to tell you it hard but you
to go by I hear the knock on my door

Other

Guitar I 4 6 7 5 6 7 5 6 7 5 6 7 5

Guitar II 6 7 5 6 7 5 6 7 5 6 7 5

Bass

Drums < Tambourine >

Vocal *F* *Bb* *Dm* *Eb*

to rea - son with me But it's time it's diffe - rent
 didn't want to know This time — you're diffe - rent
 that ne - ver comes I — hear the te - lephone

Other

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *C* *E* *F* *Bb* *1:3*

dar - ling you'll see } You got - ta tell me you're com - ing
 and de - ter - mined to go }
 that has - n't rung

Other

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *Gm*
back to me You got - ta tell me you're com - ing back to me You got - ta

Other
back to me You got - ta tell me you're com - ing back to me

Guitar I %

Guitar II %

Bass %

Drums %

Vocal *E^b* *F* *to 1*
tell me you're com - ing back to me You got - ta tell me you're com - ing

Other
tell me you're com - ing back to me tell me you're com - ing

Guitar I %

Guitar II %

Bass %

Drums %

Vocal *F* *D B^b* *F*

back to me

back to me

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *F* *B^b* *F*

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

8

Vocal *Dm Eb F Bb*

Other

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *Dm Eb C7onE F*

Other

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

You got - ta

D.S. 1

♭ Coda 1

F

Vocal

back to me

Other

back to me

Guitar 1

Guitar 2

Bass

Drums

D.S.

⊕ Coda 2

Vocal

F

back to me You got - ta

Other

back oh _____

Guitar I

F

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

D.

⊕ Coda 3

Vocal

F

back to me oh _____

Other

oh yeah _____

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

[illegible]

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in two systems. The first system contains the first two measures of the melody, and the second system contains the next two measures. The melody is written in a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The time signature is 4/4. The melody consists of eighth and quarter notes. The first measure of the first system is a whole rest, followed by a quarter note G4, a quarter note A4, a quarter note B4, and a quarter note A4. The second measure of the first system is a whole rest, followed by a quarter note G4, a quarter note F4, a quarter note E4, and a quarter note D4. The first measure of the second system is a whole rest, followed by a quarter note C4, a quarter note B3, a quarter note A3, and a quarter note G3. The second measure of the second system is a whole rest, followed by a quarter note F3, a quarter note E3, a quarter note D3, and a quarter note C3. The score is labeled 'The Rose Tree' at the top left and 'No. 1' at the top right. The name 'G. F. Johnson' is written at the bottom right.

The bass line is written on a single staff in bass clef. It consists of six measures. The first measure has a quarter note G2 and a quarter note F2. The second measure has a quarter note E2 and a quarter note D2. The third measure has a quarter note C2, a quarter note B1, and a quarter note A1. The fourth measure has a quarter note G1, a quarter note F1, and a quarter note E1. The fifth measure has a quarter note D1 and a quarter note C1. The sixth measure has a quarter note B0 and a quarter note A0. The notes are written in a simple, clear style.

[illegible]

F.O.

ROUTE 66

ルート66

Words & Music by Bob Troup

ボビー・ハーパーという人の作品で、'40年代に作られたものを、ストーンズがリメイクしてデビュー・アルバムなどに収録しているヴァージョンだ。曲の構成が普通の12小節のブルース・パターンとは違い、12+12の計24小節がワン・コーラスになっている。さらにストーンズの場合、まずその後半の12小節から入るというアレンジにしている点が、ちょっとユニークだ。プレイの方はストーンズらしくシンプル&ストレートなもので、テクニク的に難しい点はまずないと言える。ただ、少し問題なのはベース・ラインで、普通のプレイヤーならあまり選びそうにないラインだけに、多少慣れるまでに時間が必要かもしれない。逆に言えばそれだけ個性的なベース・ラインということだろう。1・2弦を多

用するので、その音があまり細くならないようにサウンドをセットするとい。リード・ギターはその大部分がAのマイナー・ペンタトニック・スケールのポジションで（Aのマイナー・ペンタトニックそのものを使っているわけではない）プレイされていて、コピーはかなり簡単はずだ。ギター・ソロの5小節目以降では1・2弦での複音プレイがスライド絡みで出て来て、これが唯一のポジション・チェンジらしいポジション・チェンジだろう。これも特別難しいプレイではないので、余裕を持って弾けるように練習しておきたい。そうしておけばフレーズの「勢い」が違って来るはずだ。

[A] A7

Vocal

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

Well if you—

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B A7 D7 A7 D7

Vocal

ev-er plan to mo-tor west Jack takes my way that's the high
 from Chi-ca - go to L.A. More than two thou - sand

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

A7 E7 D7

Vocal

- way that's the best Well get your kicks on Route Six - ty, Six
 miles all the way Well get your kicks on Route Six - ty, Six

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

A7 **2 A7**

Vocal: Well it winds — Well it

E. Guitar: h.c. h.c. h.c. h.c.

Tab: h.c. h.c. h.c. h.c.

E. Guitar: [Chordal accompaniment]

Tab: [Fingerings: 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2]

E. Bass: [Bass line]

Tab: [Fingerings: 5 5 4 4 7 7 4 4]

Drums: [Drum pattern]

12

C **8 A**

Vocal: goes to Saint — Louis, — Down to Mis-sou-ri O-kla-ho-ma Cit-y looks oh — so pret-ty You ought to

E. Guitar: [Chordal accompaniment]

Tab: [Fingerings: 5 5 6 7]

E. Guitar: [Chordal accompaniment]

Tab: [Fingerings: 2 2 0 2]

E. Bass: [Bass line]

Tab: [Fingerings: 5 7 8 4]

Drums: [Drum pattern]

Chorus

Vocal *See A-ma - ril-lo Gal-lup New Mex-i-co Flag-*

E Guitar *C D C D C D C D*

Tab *5 7 7 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7*

E Guitar *2 0 2 0 4 0 2 0 2 0 4 0 2 0*

Tab *2 0 2 0 4 0 2 0 2 0 4 0 2 0*

E Bass *5 5 4 7 7 4 4*

Tab *5 5 4 7 7 4 4*

Drums *7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7*

Vocal *- staff, Ar-i-zo-na, don't far-get Win-o-na Kings-man, Bar-stow, San Ber-na-di-no Would you*

E Guitar *D C D C D C D C D C D C D C D C D*

Tab *7 7 5 7 7 7 5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 5 7 7 7 5 7*

E Guitar *2 2 5 2 2 5 2 2 7 2 2 2 2 5 2 2 5 2 2 5 2 2 5 2 2 5 2 2 5 2 2 5 2 2*

Tab *2 2 5 2 2 5 2 2 7 2 2 2 2 5 2 2 5 2 2 5 2 2 5 2 2 5 2 2 5 2 2 5 2 2*

E Bass *7 7 6 9 9 6 7*

Tab *7 7 6 9 9 6 7*

Drums *7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7*

Vocal A7 D7 A7

— get hip — to this kind - ly tip — And — go take —

E. Guitar C D

Tab C D

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

Vocal D7 A7

— that Cal - i - for — nia trip — Well get your kicks

E. Guitar D G C G C

Tab D G C G C

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

E7 D7 to A7

Vocal

on Route Six - ty Six

E Guitar

Tab

E Guitar

Tab

E Bass

Tab

Drums

A7

Vocal

E Guitar

Tab

E Guitar

Tab

E Bass

Tab

Drums

D7

A7

Vocal

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

E7

D7

A7

Vocal

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

Well it

D.S.

Vocal A7 F E7 D7 A7

Well— get your kicks— on Route Six - ty Six—

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

Vocal E7 D7 A7 E7 A6

Well— get your kicks— on Route Six - ty Six—

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

CAROL

おにいちゃん
Words & Music by Chuck Berry

ロックン・ロールの父とも呼ばれる偉大なアーティスト、チャック・ベリーの作品で、ここでは彼らのデビュー・アルバム『ザ・ローリング・ストーンズ』に収められているヴァージョンをピック・アップしてみた。レコードのオリジナル・キーは譜面通りAなのか、それともB♭なのがちよっと微妙なのだが、とりあえずより一般的に使われるAキーにしておいた。もしB♭キーでプレイする場合、リズム・ギターのポジショニングは単に1フレット上げではなく、大幅に変更する必要がある。リード・ギターとベースは単純に1フレット・アップでOKだ。レコードの演奏自体、当時の水準から考えてもあまり上手なプレイではなく、かなりラフ

なもので、特にベースなど音がはっきりしない（録音のせいではなく、技術的な原因）部分も多いのだが、大切なのはそうした細かい面ではなく、全体としてのノリ、フィーリングだろう。そうしたポイントをふまえてコピーを進めて行ってほしい。その反面、リード・ギターのフレージングなどは大部分がワン・ポジションで弾ける簡単なもので、初心者練習にはちょうどいいし、それでいてロックン・ロールのフィーリングを十分に学びとることができるとおもわれるはずだ。演奏がシンプルな分、リラックスしていい雰囲気を出せるように心掛けてみよう。テンポは意外に速いので要注意だ。

18

Vocal

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

Chord symbols: A, D9, A, (D7)

Vocal lyrics: Woo ——— Car

Vocal

E Guitar

Tab

E Bass

Tab

Drums

Lyrics:
 ol don't let her steal your heart... a-way I'm gon

Vocal

E7 D7 A7

- na learn to dance_ if it takes me all_ night_ and day_

E Guitar

Tab

E Guitar

Tab

E Bass

Tab

Drums

B 8. *A7*

Vocal

lit-tle ma-ma she's so weak she falls down— I know a
Wan-na hear some mu-sic like the boys are playing— Put

E. Guitar

h.v. D *h.c*

Tab

h.v. D *h.c*

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

Vocal

swing-ing lit-tle joint where we can jump and shout— It's not so
out your foot let your cares a-way— Don't let the

E. Guitar

C D

Tab

C D

E. Guitar

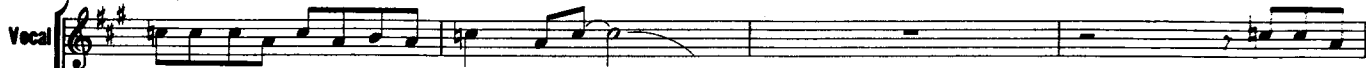
Tab

E. Bass

Tab

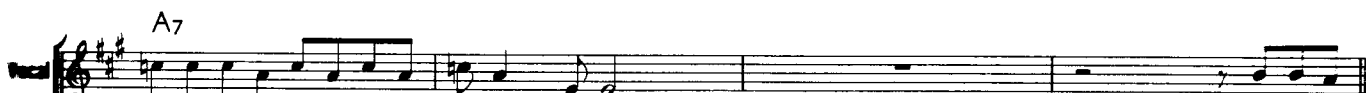
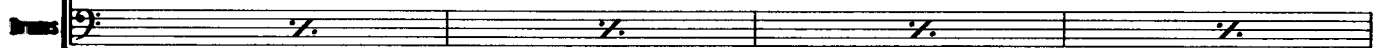
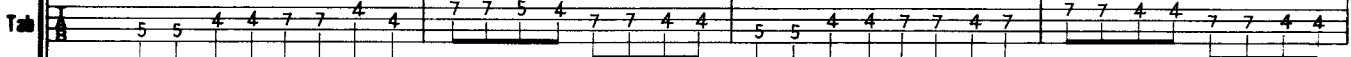
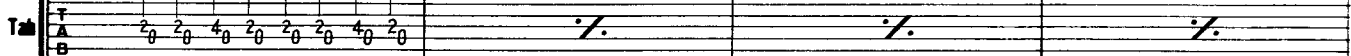
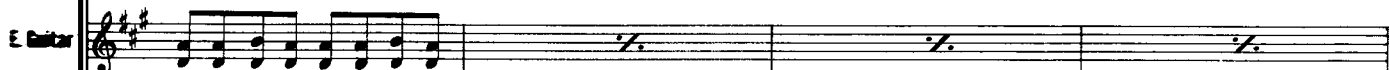
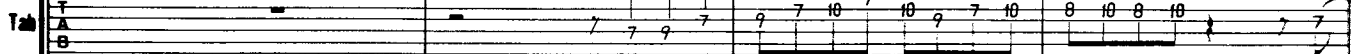
Drums

[B'] D7



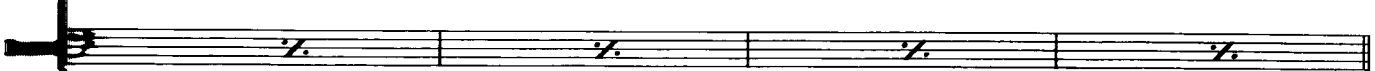
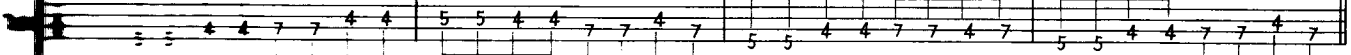
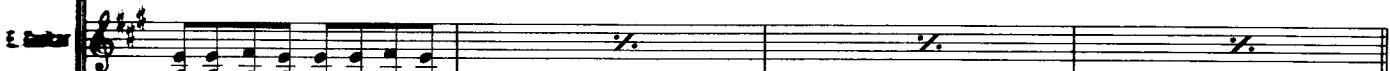
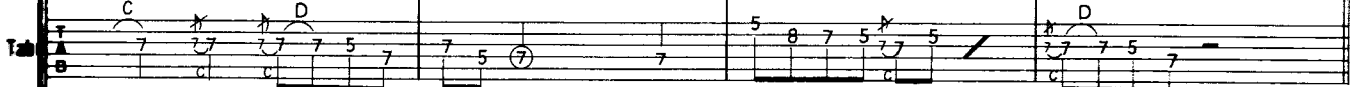
far back off the high-way not so long a ride
heat o - ver - come you when they play so loud

You park your
Well the



car out in the o - pen you can walk in - side
mu - sic will greet you with the ga - la crowd

A lit - tle
Well you can



☐ E7

Vocal

She takes your hat and you can thank her ma'am
dance I know you would do good 'Cause ex-ery-
I got my

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

A7

Vocal

time you make the scene you find the joint is jammed
eyes on you ba-by 'cause you dance so good

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

[D] A D9 A7 (D7) *part.*

Vocal 1.2) Waa _____ Car

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

[E] D7 A7

Vocal - ol don't let her steal your heart a-way I'm gon

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

Vocal

E7 D7 A7

- ns learn to dance_ if it takes me all_ night_ and day_

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

Vocal

F A D7 A to (D7)

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Guitar

Tab

E. Bass

Tab

Drums

G D7 A7

Vocal

E Guitar

Tab

E Guitar

Tab

E Bass

Tab

Drums

E7 D7 A7 A7 E7

Vocal

E Guitar

Tab

E Guitar

Tab

E Bass

Tab

Drums

Now if you

D.S.

Vocal (D7) *port* [H] D7 A7
 Woo — Car — ol don't let her steal your heart — a — way — gon

E. Guitar Q.C. C port. C C
 Tab 5 7 7 7 7 5 7 7 7 7 5 7 5

E. Guitar Tab 2 0 2 0 4 0 2 0 2 0 4 0 2 0 2 0 4 0 2 0

E. Bass Tab 7 4 5 7 7 5 5 4 4 7 7 4 4 7 7 4 4 5 5 5 4 7 7 4 7

Drums % % % %

Vocal E7 D7 A7
 — na learn to dance — if it takes me all — night — and day — Woo — Carol —

E. Guitar h.c. h.u. h.u. h.u.
 Tab 7 7 5 7 7 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7

E. Guitar Tab 4 2 4 2 6 2 4 2 4 2 6 2 4 2 2 0 2 0 4 0 2 0 2 0 4 0 2 0 2 0 2 0 4 0 2 0

E. Bass Tab 7 7 6 6 4 4 6 4 7 7 4 4 7 7 4 4 5 5 5 4 7 7 4 7

Drums % % % %

Fade Out

PAINT IT, BLACK

黒くぬれ

Words & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richards

ビートルズとの違いが如実に現れていた代表曲がこの曲であったと思われる。この暗さ、退廃的な歌詩、黒人らしいフィーリングなど、そのすべてが当時のロック・ミュージシャンに大受けだった。今聴き直してみてもシンプルな曲作りは好感が持てる。この曲にはB、Dといういわゆるサビが一応あるが、あくまでもAメロの4小節パターンで最後まで押し通すところが素晴らしい。しかもボーカルとギターのコニゾンである。それだけにギターもきき感の高い音が必要となってくるわけだ。ここではエレキ・ギターのサウンドだが、現在では、ギターシンセ、あるいは最新のシステムであるシンセサイザーと接続できるギターが開発されているので、わりと楽に音を作ることができると思う。BからはギターIIが1拍3連を多用したバックギンギンに移るので、まるでフタメンコを見ながら盛り上がるような気分にはさせてくれる。この

カッティングも重要だね。ベースは面白いパターンが使われている。Aの1～4小節をみてほしい。Bの音を基調とした4小節パターンになっている。ルート弾き専門のベーシストにはちよつと浮かばないようなフレーズだね。これがこの曲の躍動感につながっていると思うね。ドラムスはAメロの部分は4分の頭を強調したパターン。サビでは2拍、4拍のスネアの部分をハイハット・オープンにして、強調している。いずれもパンチのきいたリズムに仕上がっている。平坦なリズムしか出せない人はこの辺のスタイルを学んでほしい。それと、この曲の注意点としては絶対もたらないこと。それと細かい部分での技として、Aの5～8小節目のボーカルのシンコペーションはスピード感を出すのに役買っているね。

Intro

VOCAL N.C.

Rubato

GUITAR I

(2f. capo)

GUITAR II

(2f. capo)

BASS

DRUMS

V.C.

Em

[A] 8

Em

1. 4.) I see a red door and I
 2.) I see a line of cars and
 3.) I look in - side my - self and

B

Em

B

want it pain - ted black
 they're all pain - ted black
 see my heart is black

No co - lours a - ny - more, I want then to turn
 With flo - wers and my love both ne - ver to come
 I see my red door, and I had it pain - ted

[B]

B Em D G D Em

black — I see the girls go by — dressed in — their su — mmer clothes —
 black — I see people turn their heads and — qui — ckly look — a — way —
 black — Maybe then I'll fade a — way — and not have to fa — ce the facts —

[C]

Em D G D A B to (3 times) Em

I have to turn my head un — til — my dar — kness goes —
 Like a new — born baby it just hap — pens e — very day — No more will
 (It's) not ea — sy fa — cling up — when your whole world — is black —

Em B Em

sea go turn a dee - per blue I could not fore - see this thing

The first system of the musical score features a vocal melody in the treble clef with lyrics. The guitar part is shown in the middle staves with fret numbers (6, 8, 6, 5, 3, 2, 3, 5, 2, 0, 2, 2, 3, 5, 6, 6, 8, 6, 5, 3). The piano accompaniment is in the bottom staves, with the right hand playing chords and the left hand playing a simple bass line.

30

B Em D G D Em

ha - ppe - ning to you If I look hard en-ough in - to the set - ting sun.

The second system continues the musical score. The vocal line has the lyrics "ha - ppe - ning to you" and "If I look hard en-ough in - to the set - ting sun." The guitar part includes fret numbers and some chords. The piano accompaniment continues with chords in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand.

Em D G D A B

My love will laugh with me — be — fore — the mor — ning comes —

D.S.

Coda

E

Em

B

Em

Em B F Em

4. 4.

B Em B

4. 4.

B G **Em** **B**

I wan-na see ya ba - by, paint it black — black as night — black as — I

The first system of the musical score. The vocal line starts with a B note, followed by a G note (marked with a boxed 'G'), then an Em chord, and finally a B note. The lyrics are "I wan-na see ya ba - by, paint it black — black as night — black as — I". The guitar line features chords and fingerings: 5 2 2 2, 5 2 2, 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2, 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2, 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2, 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2. The bass line has triplets: 0 0 0 0 0 0, 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2, 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2, 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0, 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0. The drum line has a simple pattern: 4, 4.

4. 4.

Em **B**

wan-na see the sun b - lot-ted out — from the sky I wan-na see ya

The second system of the musical score. The vocal line starts with an Em chord, followed by a B note, then a B note, and finally a B note. The lyrics are "wan-na see the sun b - lot-ted out — from the sky I wan-na see ya". The guitar line features chords and fingerings: 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3, 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2, 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2, 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2, 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2. The bass line has triplets: 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2, 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2, 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0, 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0, 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0. The drum line has a simple pattern: 4, 4.

4. 4.

H

3-

B

paint it paint it paint it black yeah

Em

B

S

S

1

Em

First system of music, measures 1-4. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature is 4/4. The music is in the key of E minor (Em). The guitar part (T, A, B) includes complex fingerings and triplets. The bass line has a 4-measure rest in measure 3.

Em

B

Second system of music, measures 5-8. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature is 4/4. The music is in the key of E minor (Em) for measures 5-6 and transitions to B major (B) for measures 7-8. The guitar part (T, A, B) continues with complex fingerings and triplets. The bass line has a 4-measure rest in measure 7.

Fade Out

(I CAN'T GET NO) SATISFACTION

サティスファクション

Words & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richard

おそらくこの曲はリフから作っていったのではないかと思われるほど、印象的なリフの曲。このリフはサビ(◎)の 패턴のバッキングとなっているが、同時にイントロにもなっている。ギターのフレーズとして注目されがちであるが、実はこれ、ベースとギターのハーモニーを足してはじめてリフになるのである。この4度のハーモニーはやはり日本人では考えつかないもの。ギターのトーンは当時のファズ・トーンというもの。現在のディスティションのアタックの音を少しけずってやれば感じが出ると思う。

あとヒマな人がいれば、3、4拍目にタタタンとはいはるタンバリンを入れてくれるとありがたいね。[A]からのギターはリバーブを深めにかけたギター。これで[A]と◎の違いがはつきり出るわけ。リズム隊は、ベースがギターのリフとともに歩めば、ドラムスはタイトにきぎむ。どちらかといえば前のめりにリズムを出した方がいいね。当時では珍しくバス・ドラム4拍リズムだからね。リズムの裏はベースにまかせて、4拍の表のリズムを表現することに力を入れよう。

36

Intro

VOCAL N.C.

E D (3 times) E

I can't

GUITAR

L Fuzz →

BASS

DRUMS

A E

get no sa - ti - s - fa - c - tio - n I can't ge - t no

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A B E B E

sa - ti - s - fa - c - tion Cause I've tried and I've tried and I've tried and I've tried
 (3x) girl with a - c - tion

The first system of the musical score consists of three staves. The top staff is the vocal line in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). It contains four measures of music with lyrics. The second staff is the guitar line, also in treble clef, showing fret numbers (0, 2, 4, 5) and some slurs. The third staff is the bass line in bass clef, showing fret numbers (0, 2, 4, 5) and some slurs. The system is divided into two measures by a double bar line.

A E D E D

I can't get no I can't get no When I'm When I'm When I'm

The second system of the musical score consists of three staves. The top staff is the vocal line in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps. It contains four measures of music with lyrics. The second staff is the guitar line, showing fret numbers (2, 4, 5) and a 'Fuzz' effect indicated by a bracket. The third staff is the bass line in bass clef, showing fret numbers (2, 4, 5) and some slurs. The system is divided into two measures by a double bar line.

C E D E D E

dri - vi - n' in my car and a man co - mes on the ra - di - o He's te - llin' me more and more
 wat - chin' my T V and a man co - mes on and te - lls me "How white my shirts can be
 ri - din' round the world and I'm do - in' this and I'm si - gnin' that and I'm tryin' to make some girl

The third system of the musical score consists of three staves. The top staff is the vocal line in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps. It contains four measures of music with lyrics. The second staff is the guitar line, showing fret numbers (2, 4, 5) and some slurs. The third staff is the bass line in bass clef, showing fret numbers (2, 4, 5) and some slurs. The system is divided into two measures by a double bar line.

a - bout so - me use - less in - for - ma - tion Sup - posed to fire my i - ma - gi - na - tion
 But he (ah) can't be a man 'cause he doe - s - n't smoke the same ci - ga - retts as me I can't
 see tell me (ah) "Baby better come back, may - be next week" Can't you see I'm on a - lo - sing streak

get no Ah no no no Hey hey hey

that's what I say I can't get no

D E D E D
 I can't get no I can't get no Sa-ti - s -

E D E D E
 - fac - tion no sa-ti - s - fac - tion no sa-ti - s - fac - tion

D E D E D
 (Vocal line continues)

GET OFF OF MY CLOUD

一人ぼっちの世界

Words & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richard

ジagger&リチャードのコンポーザー・コンビは、詩、メロディこそ、あるいはそれより早く、リフやバックギン・パターンを考えていたようだ。曲の構成も、ビートルズのように3部形式にならないで、自然にノリだけで押し切れるシンプルな2部形式を得意としている。この曲もE/A、B/Aという2小節コード・パターンを中心として曲を作っている。こういう方法での曲作りというのは日本の音楽界、特にボーカル・インストゥルメント部門ではなかなかないので、この譜面集から大いに学んでほしい。さてそんなわけで、この曲はすべての楽器に関して小じんまりと

せずに荒さを残した演奏を基本としよう。特にドラムスはワイルドにしよう。Aのドラムスは、3小節目のスネアの位置を見ると、はっきり言ってシェイクに近いものだが、それでOK。フィル・インもF#mの2拍フレーズでゴリ押しする。このAのパターンと逆にBのサビ部分は4分を強調してもたり気味に叩く。ここはボーカルがメチャクチャ突っ込んでいいるからね。この辺のフォロ一の仕方はライブを長く続けていないとなかなか出せないが、できるだけストーンズに迫ろう。

40

Intro E A B A E A

(Hey)

VOCAL N.C.

GUITAR

BASS

DRUMS

B A [A] E 3 A 3 B 3 A 3 E A B A

I live on an apart-ment on the nin-ty ninth floor of my b-lock And I
tele-phon-is ringin' I say "Hi, it's me, who is it there on the ti-ne? A
sick and tired, fed up with this and de-cried to take a drive down town It was so

E A B A E A B A

sit at home — loo-kin' out — the win-dow — and ima - gin in the world — has s - to-pped
 voice says "Hi hello how — are you? Well I guess I am — do — in' fine —
 — very quiet and peace - full, there was nobody —, not a soul — a - round —

Then
 He says, "It's
 I

The first system of the musical score. It includes a vocal melody line with lyrics, a guitar part with chords and fingerings, and a bass line. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 4/4. The system is divided into measures by bar lines, with some measures containing triplets or other rhythmic markings.

E A B A E A B A

in flies — a guy — all dres - sed up like a U-ni-on — Jack —
 three a. m. there's too much noise Don't you people ever want to go — to bed —
 laid my — self down, I was so tired — and I star - ted to —

And says I've
 Just cause
 In the

The second system of the musical score. It continues the vocal melody, guitar, and bass parts. The lyrics describe a scene of a man named Jack who is tired and wants to go to bed. The musical notation includes various chords, fingerings, and rhythmic patterns.

E A B A E A B A

— won five pounds — if I have this kind of de - ter - gen - t pa - ck
 you feel — so good, do you have — to drive — me out of my head —
 mornin' the per - king tickets were just — like flags — stuck on my wind — screen —

I said

The third system of the musical score. It continues the vocal melody, guitar, and bass parts. The lyrics describe a scene where the man is talking about a detergent pack and a screen. The musical notation includes various chords, fingerings, and rhythmic patterns.

[B.]

you, get off of my cloud, Hey (hey), you (you), get off of my cloud, Hey (hey), you (you), get off of my cloud,

42

Don't hang a-round, 'cause two-'s a crowd on my cloud. ba-by The Hey (hey), you (you), get off of my cloud I was

1. 2. 3. E G#m7 A B

Hey (hey), you (you), get off of my cloud Hey (hey), you (you), get off of my cloud Don't hang a-round baby two-'s a crowd on my cloud.

Repeat & Fade Out

STREET FIGHTING MAN

ストリート・ファighting・マン

Words & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richards

この曲で使われているギターは、2本とも、オープンGチューニングになっており、カポタストが4フレットにつけられているものだ。オープンGチューニングは、キース・リチャードが得意としているものだ。1弦からD、B、G、D、G、Dに合わせるのだが、キースは6弦をはずして5弦のギターとして使っている。ギターの譜面は、カポをはずした状態に移調されているので、Gのキーになっている。これにカポを4フレットにつけると、ボーカルと同じBのキーになるわけだ。少し複雑だが、タブ譜を参考にして間違えないようにしてもらいたい。ギターのサウンドは、クリアーなものだが、Ⅱの部分でソロを弾いているGuitar II

は、かなりひずんだサウンドになっている。これはファズなどのエフェクターをかけたものだが、シンセのサウンドのようにも聞こえる。フレーズもシンプルなものなので、シンセなどで代用してもよいだろう。ベースは、シンプルにビートのラインをプレイしているが、Ⅱの部分では、Ⅲのフレーズが違っているのに注意してもらいたい。この曲でもこの他、Ⅱの部分でシタールのサウンドが入れられて、る。譜面では省略させてもらったが、単純にBの音を弾いているものであり、シンセなどで工夫してみても面白いだろう。

Intro

Vocal: B E B E B E B

Other: < Piano >

Guitar I: Open G. Capo: 4 (G) (C) (G) (C) (G) (C) (G) (C) (G)

Guitar II: Open G. Capo: 4

Bass:

Drums:

44

Vocal: *S* *E on B* *B* *A* *E* *B E* *B E*
E - vry-where I hear
Think the time

Other: —

Guitar I: *(G)* *(ConG)* *(G)* *(C)* *(G)* *(C)* *(G)* *(C)*

Guitar II: —

Bass: *2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2* *%* *%* *2x* *2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2*

Drums: *x x x x x x x x* *x x x x x x x x* *x x x x x x x x* *x x x x x x x x*

Vocal: *E* *D.S.x* *B E* *B E* *B E* *B E* *B*
the sound of march - ing, charg - ing feet
is right for (a) pa - lace re - vo lu - tion
Said my name is called dis - tur - bance

Other: —

Guitar I: *(C)* *(G)* *(C)* *(G)* *(C)* *(G)* *(C)* *(G)* *(C)*

Guitar II: *%* *%* *%* *%* *%* *%* *%* *%*

Bass: *%* *%* *%* *%* *%* *%* *%* *%*

Drums: *%* *%* *%* *%* *%* *%* *%* *%*

[illegible]

Vocal
 - pro at ing in miss the so - street - tion But Well, then what
 - at all his ser - wants Well, then what

Other

Guitar I
 (C) (G) (C) (G) (C) (G) (ConG) (G)

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal F# Bon F# F#

— can (a) poor — boy do — Except to sing — for (a) rock'n' - roll band

Other

Guitar I (D) (Gon D) (D)

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

46

Vocal F# Bon F# F#

— 'Cause in slee - py Lon - don town — There's just no place

Other

Guitar I (D) (Gon D) (D)

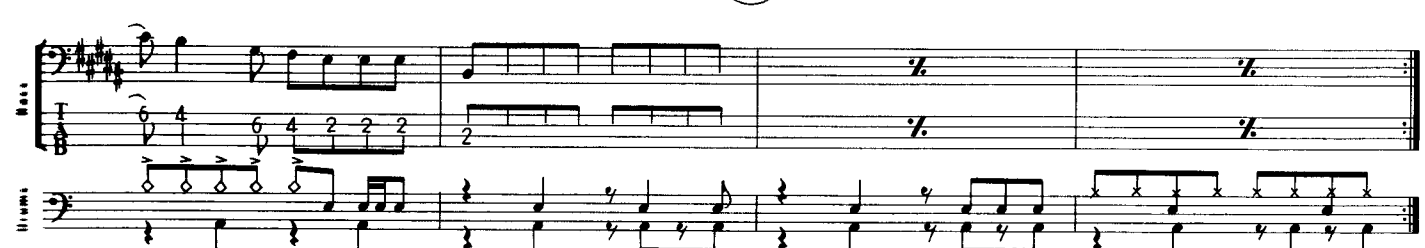
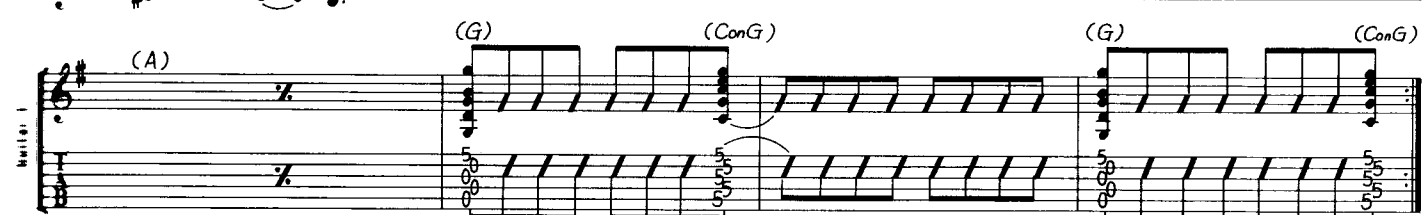
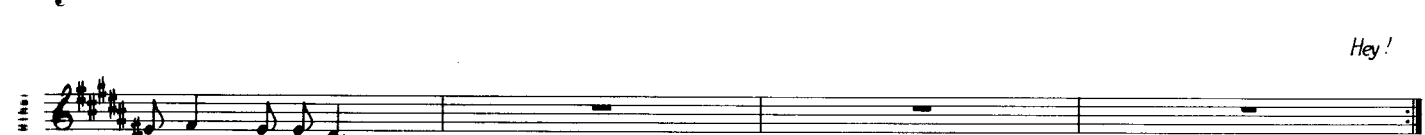
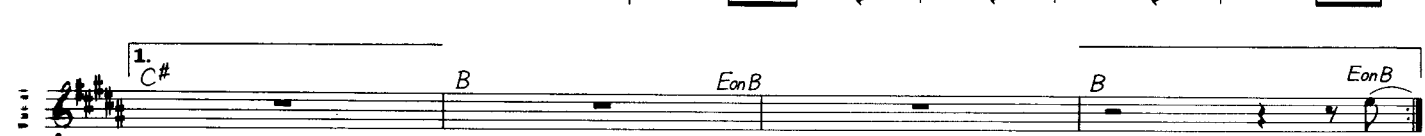
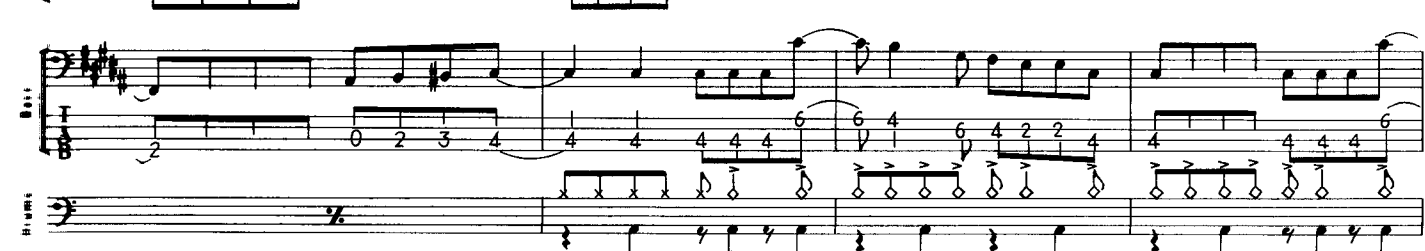
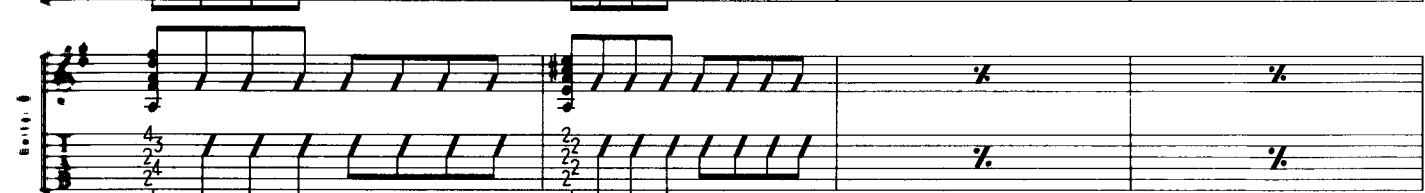
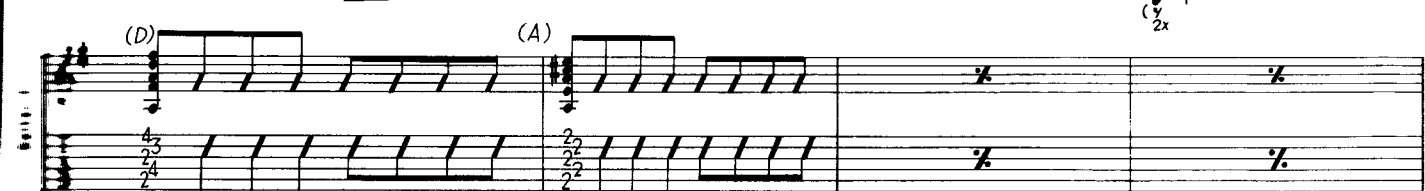
Guitar II

Bass

Drums



— for street fighting man ————— No —————



2.
C#

Vocal

Other

Guitar I (A)

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

C#

Vocal

Other

Guitar I (A) (G) (Con G) (G) (Con G)

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Ya - can, Hey!

D.S.

◆Coda

The musical score for the Coda section consists of several staves. The top staff is a vocal line with lyrics "Ya - got" and notes corresponding to the chords C#, D B, E on B, and F#. Below this are two guitar staves. The first guitar staff shows chords (A), (G), (Con G), and (D) with specific fingerings. The second guitar staff shows chords C, C, and C with fingerings. The bass and drums staves follow, with the bass line including notes like 6, 4, 6, 4, 2, and the drums marked with 'x' for specific beats. The bottom section of the score includes another vocal line with lyrics "Bon F#", C#, F# on C#, and C#. Below this are two more guitar staves. The first guitar staff shows chords (G on D), (A), (Don A), and (A) with fingerings. The second guitar staff shows chords C, C, and C with fingerings. The bass and drums staves continue the accompaniment, with the bass line including notes like 4, 4, 4, 4, 6, 6, 4, 6, 4, 2, 2, 4, and the drums marked with 'x'.

50

Vocal: F#onC# C# F#onC# C#

Other: [Musical notation]

Guitar I: (Don A) (A) (Don A) (A)

Guitar II: [Musical notation]

Bass: [Musical notation]

Drums: [Musical notation]

Vocal: F#onC# C# F#onC# C#

Other: [Musical notation]

Guitar I: (Don A) (A) (Don A) (A)

Guitar II: [Musical notation]

Bass: [Musical notation]

Drums: [Musical notation]

First system of musical notation. The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The time signature is 4/4.

Vocal: Four measures with notes labeled $F^{\#}_{on} C^{\#}$, $C^{\#}$, $F^{\#}_{on} C^{\#}$, and $C^{\#}$.

Other: A melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, ending with a triplet of eighth notes.

Harmonization:

- Harmon. I:** Treble and Bass staves with notes labeled (Don A) and (A).
- Harmon. II:** Treble and Bass staves with notes labeled 6 and 7.
- Bass:** Treble and Bass staves with notes labeled 6, 4, 2, and 2.
- Drums:** Treble and Bass staves with a rhythmic pattern indicated by a % symbol.

Second system of musical notation. The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The time signature is 4/4.

Vocal: Four measures with notes labeled $F^{\#}_{on} C^{\#}$, $C^{\#}$, $F^{\#}_{on} C^{\#}$, and $C^{\#}$.

Other: A melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, ending with a triplet of eighth notes.

Harmonization:

- Harmon. I:** Treble and Bass staves with notes labeled (Don A) and (A).
- Harmon. II:** Treble and Bass staves with notes labeled (Don A) and (A).
- Bass:** Treble and Bass staves with notes labeled 6, 4, 2, and 2.
- Drums:** Treble and Bass staves with a rhythmic pattern indicated by a % symbol.

JUMPIN' JACK FLASH

ジャンピン・ジャック・フラッシュ

Words & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richard

ストーンズ独特の憂いのあるこの曲は、中期の最高傑作といわれる。メジャーの曲なのに、なぜかあまり明るく聴こえないという変わった雰囲気。ストーンズ自身もライブ・アルバムでは、もっとストレートに演奏している。その違いはアコースティックピアノ、オルガンの導入といった使用楽器の違いという大きな問題もあるが、この譜面上でいえば、 $\square$ メロのところはBのペダル・ベースとなっている事である。実際ストーンズのライブや、諸君が遊びでこの曲をプレイする事があると、必ずベースもギター・リフと同じ事をやりたくなるが、ここではそれはやらない。この事実は、前述のある種の憂いを出すための大きな理由となっている。全員でリフをプレイすると、どうしてもその色が強くなってしまふからね。 $\square$ のギター I は珍しくハイ・ノートでプレイし

ているが、パターンを作り、かつ裏メロとしての存在もアピールしている。この細い音は、リア・ピックアップを使用し、トーンもフルにしている音。この音が $\square$ の5小節目から出てくる。以上の2つのギターは、オブリガートの少ないこの曲においては重要な部分だ。イントロ、 $\square$ 、 $\square$ はベースの2小節パターンがメイン・フレーズ。これも $\square$ メロでのペダル・ベースがあつてこそその動きのあるフレーズといえる。 $\square$ の部分、つまり3番は、1番、2番と歌の長さが倍になっているので注意。これはよく間違えやすいんだよね。譜面の制約のないバンドらしいアレンジだ。プレイ上の難しいことは全くないので、いかにしてこのストーンズらしさを出すかが、練習の目標となるだろう。

52

E $\frac{A}{D}$ A B B

One Two!

A B

I was born _____ in a cross-
I was raised _____ by a tooth-

B

- fire hurri - cane
- less bear - ded hag

And I howled _____ in my ma - in the dri - ving rain -
I was shoaled _____ with a strap ____ a-cross ____ my back

54

B (Straight)

So it's all right now in fact it's a gas

8va →

But it's all right I'm Jumpin' Jack Flash it's a gas, gas, gas

gas, gas, gas

B C B E $\frac{A}{D}$ A B E $\frac{A}{D}$ A

This system contains measures 1 through 5. The vocal line features lyrics: "to C B E A/D A B E A/D A". The guitar line shows various chords and fingerings, including a barre at the 11th fret. The piano line includes chords and fingerings, with a dynamic marking of *p* (piano) in measure 4. The bass line shows fret numbers and some accidentals.

56

B E $\frac{A}{D}$ A B E $\frac{A}{D}$ A B

This system contains measures 6 through 10. The vocal line features lyrics: "B E A/D A B E A/D A B". The guitar line shows various chords and fingerings, including a barre at the 11th fret. The piano line includes chords and fingerings, with a dynamic marking of *p* (piano) in measure 7. The bass line shows fret numbers and some accidentals.

D

B

B

Musical score for the first system, featuring guitar, bass, and drums. The guitar part has a melodic line with some bends. The bass part has a steady eighth-note pattern. The drums play a consistent backbeat.

57

B

B

I was drowned up and left for dead
 fell down to my feet and I saw they bled
 , yeah, And I frowned at the crumbs of a crust of bread
 , yeah, yeah, I was crowned with a spike right through my head

Yeah
 Yeah
 Wow _____ wow yeah But it's all

Musical score for the second system, including lyrics. The guitar part continues with a melodic line. The bass part has a steady eighth-note pattern. The drums play a consistent backbeat.

D.S.

The musical score is arranged in four systems. The first system includes a vocal melody line with lyrics and guitar accompaniment. The second system continues the guitar accompaniment with a capo change to 8va. The third system features a vocal melody line and guitar accompaniment. The fourth system shows the bass line and guitar accompaniment. The score includes various musical notations such as chords, scales, and fingerings.

System 1: Vocal Melody and Guitar

Vocal Melody:

E *B* *E* *A/D* *A* *N.C.*

Jum-pin' Jack Flash _____ it's a gas _____ Jum-pin' Jack Flash _____ it's a gas _____ Jum-pin' Jack Flash _____

Guitar:

Chords: *E*, *B*, *E*, *A/D*, *A*, *N.C.*

System 2: Guitar

Capo: 8va →

System 3: Vocal Melody and Guitar

Vocal Melody:

Guitar:

System 4: Bass and Guitar

Bass:

Guitar:

it's a gas ——— Jum-pin' Jack Flash ——— it's a gas ———

Repeat & Fade Out

HONKY TONK WOMEN

ホンキートンク・ウイメン

Songs & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richard

はつきりいって、この曲ができなければ、ロック・バンドとしては認められないほどポピュラーな曲。この曲もギター2本がうまくからみあって出来ている曲。キースは、6弦を取った5弦ギターのオープンGチューニング（1弦からDBGDG）。この曲からストーンズに参加したミック・テイラーはレギュラー・チューニングで、さすがにブルース的フィーリングを出している。まずギターIは、とにかくイントロのリフがキメ手。これがきまんなきゃ、曲が始まらないよ。四の前2小節のフィル・インもつかえないようにバッチリキメてくれ。あとは、譜面を参考にして、間の取り方（休符）を意識してくれればいい。要するにキースのバックিং・パターンを身につけてしまえば、もう楽勝だ。ノコードをすりきれるぐらいよく聴いてくれ。ミックのギターはこれまた対照的なサウンドで、ナチュラルなトーンでせまっている。フェンダー系ではちょっと出せない深みのある甘い音だね、

おそらくレスポールだと思う。まず重要なところはEの前2小節のフィル・イン。これもうまくきめないとサビには入れないからね。あとはやはりブルース・ギタリストらしく、ブルーノートを多用したフレーズが多い。ギタリストとしてはブルースは必須科目だから彼のプレイは要研究だ。Eのソロは、その好例だ。普通、ペンタトニックとブルーノート・スケールとは余り混ぜてフレーズ作りをしないものだが、このソロ（大半はメジャー・ペンタトニック・スケールだ）には、4・5小節目にブルースが含まれていて興味深い。ドラムス、ベースはとにかくすき間を大事にしよう。音数よりも、休符。サウンドにメリハリを付ける意味でプレイしよう。1番、2番のベースのない部分など非常に効果的だ。サビでベースが入ってくると、ぜんぜん変わってくる。この考え方はいろいろ応用できると思うよ。

59

VOCAL Intro N.C. G

GUITAR I

GUITAR II

BASS

DRUMS C=Combell

The musical score is written for five parts: Vocal, Guitar I, Guitar II, Bass, and Drums. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is common time (C). The vocal part begins with an 'Intro N.C.' (No Chord) section. Guitar I has a solo section marked with a 'G' above the staff. Guitar II and Bass parts are shown with rests. The drums part includes a 'C=Combell' (Combell) section and a double bar line with a repeat sign (//).

G C G D

D G D G

It's a Hon - (Hon-ky tonk) - ky tonk wo-men

GIMMIE SHELTER

ギミー・シェルター

Words & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richards

のちに数々の人に取り上げられたナンバーで、ロックのスタンダード的な存在の曲だ。この曲のメインはなんといってもギターである。イントロから出てくるギターIIは異様なサウンドだ。なんとアンプのトレモロをかけているのだ。リバーブもアンプに付いているやつ。現在ではアンプにトレモロの付いている機種はあまりないので、代用の方法を教えよう。コーラスのデブスを深めにとり、スピードをアップすると似た感じになるよ。リバーブは安価でデジタル・リバーブが手にはいるから、これを使用しよう。あとは自分の耳で近い音を探してみよう。このイントロはぜひともうまく表現してもらいたい。次にギターIだが、これも面白い。ほとんどオブリガートに徹しているのだが、回からはエンディングまで弾きまくっている。といっても、音の選び方はかなりのワンパターン。音の幅も1オクターブ内外におさまっていて、ハイ・

ノートで盛り上がるという感じもない。だからここではニュアンスをうまくくみ取ってもらいたい。チョーキングや休符をうまく使って独特のねばっこさを土している。決して目立たないけど、ボーカルのバックで渋いフリーズを弾いている。とくにチョーキングは大事にやってほしいね。回からの女性ボーカルは、メリー・クレイトンが登場している。音が高いので男性はファルセットで出すしかないね。回からはハーモニーもあるので、このパートはぜひ取り入れてほしい。ドラムス、ベースはシンプルなノリを出している。回(4)の4小節前まではベースはon C#のペダル・ベースとなっていて、回(4)の4小節前ではじめてC#→B→Aと下がるラインを弾いている。ドラムは回(4)の前1小節のフィル・インが肝。このパターンがあと数ヶ所はいるが、力を込めるあまりはしらないように注意。

Intro

VOCAL C# B A C# B

Ooh Ooh

GUITAR I

GUITAR II

BASS

DRUMS

Simile ~

A C# B A
 Ooh _____ Ooh Ooh Ooh _____

C# B A C# B
 Ooh Ooh Ooh _____ Ooh Ooh

A C# B A E A E A E B B

Ooh

A C# 2nd times Chorus

Oh _____ a storm is threat- ning _____ my _____ very _____ life _____ to-day _____, If I _____ don't _____
 Ooh _____ see _____ the fire is swee - pin' our _____ very _____ streets _____ to-day _____, Burn _____ like a red _____

C# *2nd times Chorus* *B* *C#* *B*

get some shel - ter, Oh yeah I'm gon-na fade a-way, War, chi - ld - ren,
 coal car - pet, Mad bull lost it's way,

A *E A E A E B E B* *C#* *B*

It's just a shot a - way, It's just a shot a - way, War, chi - ld - ren,

[illegible][illegible]

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in five systems. The first system shows the key signature of D major (two sharps) and the time signature of 2/4. The melody is written in the treble clef, and the bass line is in the bass clef. The second system continues the melody and bass line, with the melody featuring a series of eighth notes and the bass line consisting of a steady eighth-note pattern. The third system introduces a new melody in the treble clef, which is a series of eighth notes, and the bass line continues with a steady eighth-note pattern. The fourth system continues the melody and bass line, with the melody featuring a series of eighth notes and the bass line consisting of a steady eighth-note pattern. The fifth system concludes the piece with a final melody in the treble clef and a bass line consisting of a steady eighth-note pattern. The score is written in a clear, legible style, with all notes and rests clearly indicated. The key signature and time signature are clearly marked at the beginning of the first system.

E A E A E B E B C# B A E A E A E B E B

it's just a shot a-way, Rape mur - der, yeah it's just a shot a-way it's just a shot a-way,

it's just a shot a-way, Rape mur - der, yeah it's just a shot a-way it's just a shot a-way,

it's just a shot a-way, Rape mur - der, yeah it's just a shot a-way it's just a shot a-way,

it's just a shot a-way, Rape mur - der, yeah it's just a shot a-way it's just a shot a-way,

it's just a shot a-way, Rape mur - der, yeah it's just a shot a-way it's just a shot a-way,

C# B A E A E A E B E B C#

Rape mur - der, (Wow) it's just a shot a-way, yeah yeah yeah

Rape mur - der, (Wow) it's just a shot a-way, yeah yeah yeah

Rape mur - der, (Wow) it's just a shot a-way, yeah yeah yeah

Rape mur - der, (Wow) it's just a shot a-way, yeah yeah yeah

Rape mur - der, (Wow) it's just a shot a-way, yeah yeah yeah

The musical score for "The Flood" by The Beatles is presented in a multi-staff format. The top staff is the vocal line, starting with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The lyrics "yeah" and "Mm, the flood is threaten - ing" are written below the notes. The second staff is a guitar part, also in treble clef, with a key signature of two sharps. It includes a capo position of 11 and a key signature change to E major. The third staff is a guitar part in bass clef, with a key signature of two sharps. The fourth staff is a bass line in bass clef, with a key signature of two sharps. The fifth staff is a guitar part in bass clef, with a key signature of two sharps. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

my very life to-day Gi-mme gi-mme shel-ter or I'm gon-na

f *32* a - way _____ War _____, chi - ld - ren _____, It's just a shot a - way _____, *B* *A*

First system of piano accompaniment (treble and bass staves) with fingerings and dynamics.

Second system of piano accompaniment (treble and bass staves) with fingerings and dynamics.

Third system of piano accompaniment (treble and bass staves) with fingerings and dynamics.

Fourth system of piano accompaniment (treble and bass staves) with fingerings and dynamics.

Fifth system of piano accompaniment (treble and bass staves) with fingerings and dynamics.

Sixth system of piano accompaniment (treble and bass staves) with fingerings and dynamics.

Seventh system of piano accompaniment (treble and bass staves) with fingerings and dynamics.

Eighth system of piano accompaniment (treble and bass staves) with fingerings and dynamics.

The musical score for "Kiss a Way" by The Beatles is presented in a multi-staff format. The top staff is the vocal melody in G major (one sharp), with lyrics: "love _____, sister _____, it's just a kiss a-way __, it's just a kiss a-way __, it's just a kiss a-way __". Above the staff are chord symbols: F, C#, B, A, E A E A E B E B, and C#. The second staff is the guitar part, showing a mix of standard notation and tablature. The third staff is the bass part, also using standard notation and tablature. The fourth staff is the drum part, indicated by a double bar line and a drum kit icon. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines, and the overall structure is a 12-measure phrase.

B A E A E A E B E B C# B
 it's just a kiss a-way, it's just a kiss a-way, kiss a-way, kiss a-way, yeah
 C C C C C U h U C U h U C
 4. 4. 4. 4.
 4. 4. 4. 4.
 4. 4. 4. 4.

[illegible][illegible]

LET IT BLEED

レット・イット・ブリード

Songs & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richards

当時('69年)はまだそんな言葉は一般的でなかったと思うが、今で言う「レイド・バック・スタイル」という表現がピッタリの曲だ。意識的にダルなリズムを刻むドラムスとアコースティック・ギター、それに輪をかけたようにレイジーに唄うミックのヴォーカル、そしてトドメはミック・テイラーのスライド・ギターにより、ともかくノンビリとしたムードに仕上がっている。もちろんこの雰囲気は非常に大切なのだが、これをコピーしてプレイする場合、あまりそれを意識しない方がいいだろう。ヘタをするとんでもないドラケた演奏になってしまう恐れがある。

で、譜面では一部しかフォローできなかったアコースティック・ギターだが、これはカポタストを3フレットにはめて、Aメジャー・キーで弾く。やたらとハデなストロークにしないで、タッチの変化をうまくつけてプレイしよう。一方エレキ・ギターの方

はスライド・プレイ用の変則チューニングと思われ、タブ譜のポジションもそのチューニングによるものを示しているので注意してほしい。1弦から順にE・C・G・E・C・Eというオープン"C"チューニングに合わせよう。当然スライド・プレイにはある程度の慣れが必要だが、音程等あまり神経質になり過ぎるのも考えもの。まずやってみることが大切なのだ。また、バックギン・サウンドの中心はピアノで、リラックスした中にもアクセントのはっきりした弾き方にして、くれぐれもテンポが遅くなり過ぎないように弾こう。これはベースとドラムスも同様で、決してシマリのないサウンドやリズムになってしまってはいけない。また、ベースはそれなりにラインを作ったプレイなので、あまりこれを崩してしまうのは得策ではないだろう。

Intro

VOCAL C F G

Guitar II Aco. 3f capo

PIANO

BASS

DRUMS

We'll we all _____ need some - - one we can lie - an on And if you
 _____ need some - - one we can dre - am on And if you

want it want it baby Well you can lean on me Well you can dream on me Well we all need some Well we all need some

C *G* *C*

- one we can le - an on — And if you want it Well you can lean on me —
 - one we can dre - am on — Yeah And if you want to Well you can dream on me —

P *P*

H *H*

H *H*

H *H*

[B] *E* *F* *G*

She said my breast - s They will all ways — be o - pen — Ba - by — you can rest — your wea-ry
 I was dream-ing — of a steel — guitar — en-ga - ge-ment when you — drink my health — in — Scen -

vib. *vib.*

vib. *vib.*

vib. *vib.*

vib. *vib.*

was right on me — And they're will al-ways — be a space — in my park - ing lot
 - as "as" tea But you knife - d me in my dir - ty fil - thy base - ment —

when you need — a lit-tle coke and — crim - pa-ty — Well we all —
 with that jadd - ed fad - ed jun - ky nurse Oh — o'za -

2. C

G *C* *F*

- sant com-pa-ny ha God! We all need some - one we can feel on

Vib.

Vib.

H

H

T *A* *B*

T *A* *B*

Yeah ___ and if you want it we'll you can feed on me ___ hey ___

Take my leg _____ Oh _____ ba - by don't you take me _____ head _____

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in three systems. The first system features a vocal melody in the treble clef and a guitar accompaniment in the bass clef. The guitar part includes a capo on the 12th fret, indicated by a '12' in a circle. The second system continues the vocal melody and guitar accompaniment. The third system shows the vocal melody in the treble clef and the guitar accompaniment in the bass clef, with a capo on the 12th fret. The score is written in 2/4 time and includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and fingerings.

Ho ————— 'ear — we! we a! ————— need some — — one we can b —

The musical score for "The Rose Tree" is presented in three systems. The first system contains the vocal melody and guitar chords. The second system contains the piano accompaniment. The third system contains the guitar chords and a bass line. The score is written in 2/4 time and includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and fingerings.

F *G* *C*

- feed on _____ ha Yeah _____ and if you want it ba - by Well you can bleed on me _____ Yeah _____

The first system of the musical score consists of three staves. The top staff is a vocal line in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It contains lyrics and melodic lines with notes and rests. Above the staff, the letters *F*, *G*, and *C* are placed above specific notes. The middle staff is a guitar line, also in treble clef, with fret numbers written below the notes. The bottom staff is a piano accompaniment in bass clef, featuring a steady eighth-note bass line and chords in the right hand.

F

_____ well we all _____ need some - one we can b - feed on _____ Yeah _____ year _____ and if you _____

The second system continues the musical piece. It follows the same three-staff format. The vocal line (top staff) continues with lyrics and melodic lines. The guitar line (middle staff) continues with fret numbers. The piano accompaniment (bottom staff) continues with its eighth-note bass line and chords. The key signature remains one flat.

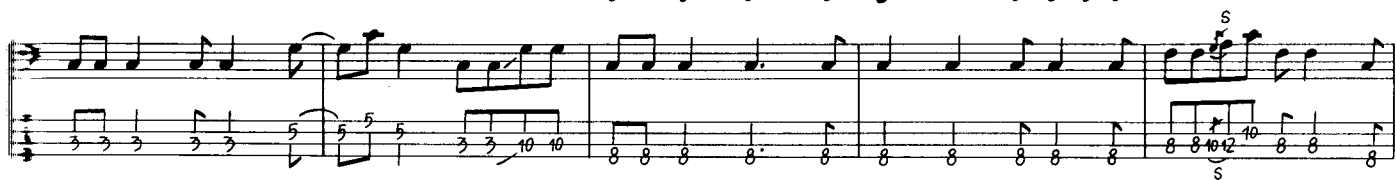
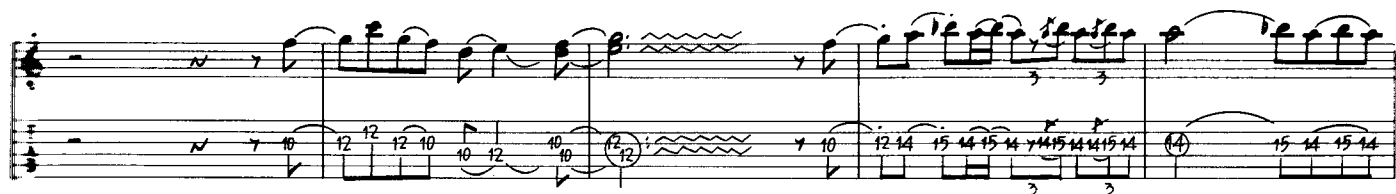
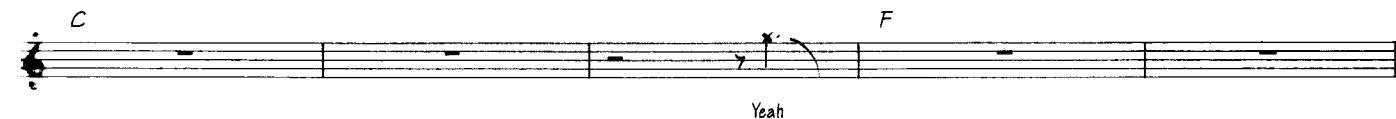
G C E C

want it ba - by why don't you b-leed on me all o - ver ha

The guitar part consists of a single melodic line with notes G, C, E, and C. Below the staff is a detailed fretboard diagram showing fingerings and positions for both hands. The piano part features a complex, rhythmic accompaniment in the right hand, often using chords and arpeggios, and a simpler bass line in the left hand.

F G

The guitar part continues with a melodic line featuring notes F and G. The fretboard diagram shows the corresponding fingerings. The piano part maintains its complex, rhythmic accompaniment in the right hand and a simpler bass line in the left hand.



[F] C

Get it on rider, Ho _____ Get it on rider, Get it on rider,

F G

T A B

tr

H

C

You can bleed an o - ver me _____ Yeah _____ Set it on ri - der, ho _____

T A B

Set it on — ri — der, yeah — You can be my ri — der, You can come a long — with me an —

— Get it on — ri — der ba — by, Get it on — ri — der,

You can come a long — with me — Yeah ya ya — ya ya ho Yeah —

(8va)

(8va)

S

F G C
 come on come on come on Let it on — ri — der, Let — it come a-long — with me. — Yeah — yeah — yeah yeah —

H P

S

S H

Fade Out

SYMPATHY FOR THE DEVIL

悪魔を憐れむ歌

Words & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richards

この曲のオリジナル・ヴァージョン（アルバム『ペガーズ・バケット』）は、全編ピアノによるバックイングで、キーもE♭と難しいが、ここではギター主体のアグレッシブな演奏が聴ける。キース・リチャードとミック・テイラー、この2人のスタイルの違いを大いに参考になるだろう。特に、後半にあるミック・テイラーのギター・ソロは、ロック・ギターの名演奏の1つにあげられるほど素晴らしいものだ。キース・リチャードも、この曲ではノーブルなチューニングで弾いている。イントロや歌のバックでは、ミック・テイラーはロー・コードでシンプルなバックを行い、キースはハンマリングを使った2音のパターンを弾いている。両

者とも、ハンバッキング・ピックアップをつけたギターを使っており、ナチュラルなディストーションのきいたサウンドでプレイしている。時々フィード・バック音も効果的に使っており、このサウンドを再現するために、オーバー・ドライブなどのアタッチメントを使ってみてもよいだろう。この曲のベースとドラムのポイントは、やはりノリだ。ドラムのスネアやバスドラのパターンは、ほとんど同じものを叩き続けている。安定したビートをキープすると同時に、ベースとともにドライブ感のある演奏を心がけたい。

Intro

90

Vocal

E D A E

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal

E D A E

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

[A] *E* *D* *A*

Please a - llow me _____ to in - tro - duce _____ my - self Well I'm a man _____ of wealth and taste

H *H* *H* *H* *P*

E *D*

_____ I've been a - round _____ for long, _____ long years _____ staten

H *H* *H* *H* *H*

Vocal

A *E*

ma-ry a man's _____ soul (and) faith _____ I was round _____ when

Guitar I

p *H*

Guitar II

4 *4*

Bass

7 7 5 5 0 5 5 4 7 5 *7 7 7 7 7 7 6 9 9 7 9* *7 7 7 7 7 7 7*

Drums

% *%* *%*

92

Vocal

D *A* *E*

Je - sus _____ Christ _____ had His mo - ment of doubt and pain _____

Guitar I

4 *4*

Guitar II

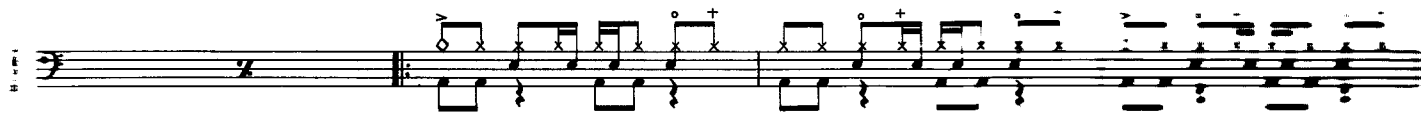
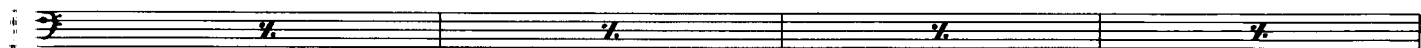
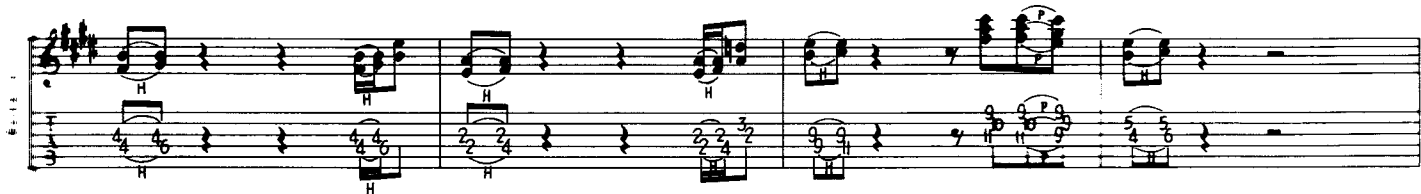
4 *4*

Bass

5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 0 5 5 4 7 5 *7 7 7 7 7 7 6 7 6 5*

Drums

% *%* *%*



Vocal

But what is puzz - ing — you — is just the na - ture of — my — game Oh, yeah,

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal

I stuck a - round — St. Pe - ters - burg — When I
I watched with glee — while your kings and queens — fought for

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

A **E**

saw it was the time _____ for the change _____ killed the Tzar _____ and his
 ten de-cades _____ ah, for the God they made _____ I shout-ed out _____ who killed the Ke-

Violin I

Violin II

Bass

Drum

D **A** **E**

mi - ni - sters _____ A - ne - stasia _____ screamed in vain _____
 - ne-dys? _____ and, when _____ af - ter all _____ it was _____ you and me, _____ ah, ma-lla,

Violin I

Violin II

Bass

Drum

Vocal

E *D* *A*

I rade a tank _____ held a ge - nerat's rank, _____ and, When the blitz - krieg raged _____ and the bc-
 ah, let me please _____ in - tro - duce my - self Well I'm a man _____ of wealth _____ and

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

96

Vocal

E *D*

1. *E* *D*

- dies stank _____ Oh, yeah,
 taste Yeah, and I ah, sar, _____

I lay traps _____ for trou - ba - dors, _____ ah, who get

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Violin I

A killed be-fore they reach *E* Bom - bay ah, ah b

Violin II

4

4

6 7 7 0 0 0 0 4 4 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 0 0

Cello

6 7 7 0 0 0 0 4 4 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 0 0

Bass

6 7 7 0 0 0 0 4 4 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 0 0

Double Bass

6 7 7 0 0 0 0 4 4 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 0 0

D.S.

Coda

D *E* *D* *A* *E*

Violin I

Violin II

Cello

Bass

Double Bass

Vocal *E D A E*

Guitar I *Feed Back*

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

98

Vocal *E C A E*

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Lead

E D A E

Buick

Bass

Drums

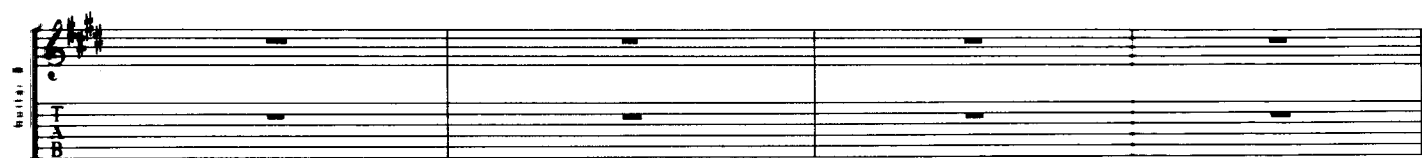
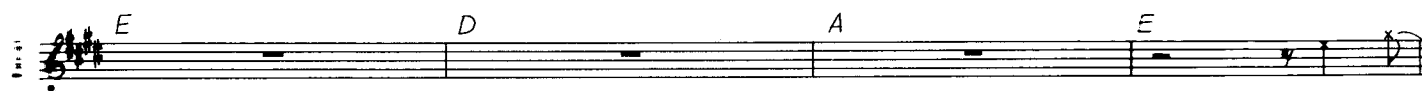
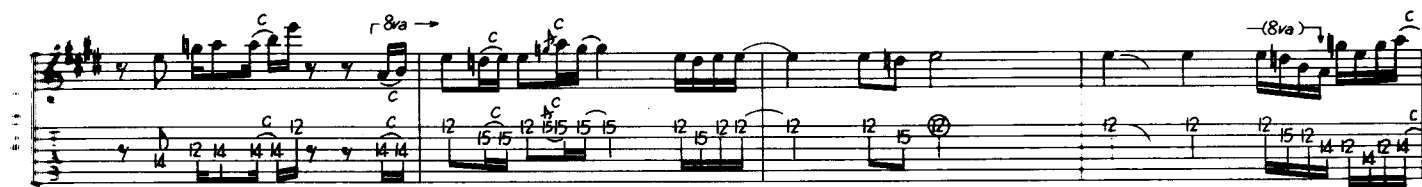
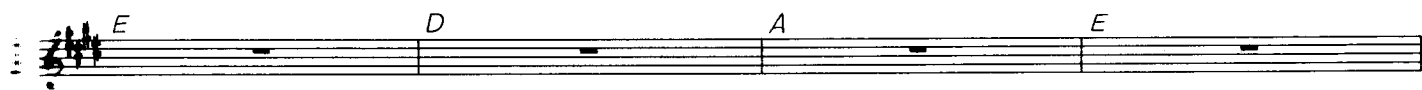
Lead

E D A E

Buick

Bass

Drums



Vocal

E **E** **D** **A** **E**

oh, yeah, oh, — yeah, oh come on now — Tell me ba-

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

102

Vocal

E **D** **A**

- by what's my name — Tell me sweet heart oh, what's my name

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal: *E* _____ *D* _____ *8va* → *A* _____
 Oh, yeah, _____ Oh, yeah, _____ Oh, hoo _____ Oh, hoo _____

Guitar I: [Fingerings: 10 11 9 11 9 9, 8 9 7 7 8 7, 3 4 2 2 3 2, 2 2]
 Guitar II: [Fingerings: 12 12 9 9 9, 9 9 11, 13 12 12 12 13 11, 9 9 11 9]
 Bass: [Fingerings: 7 7 7 7, 7 7 7 7, 5 5 5 5, 5 5 5 5, 5 5 5 0, 5 4 0 1]
 Drums: [Rhythmic notation: 1/2, 1/2, 1/2, 1/2]

Feed Back

10.

Vocal: *E* _____ *(8va)* _____ *D* _____ *A* _____
 Oh hoo yeah

Guitar I: [Fingerings: 10 11 9 11 9 9, 10 11 9 11 9 9, 8 9 7 7 8 7, 3 4 2 2 3 2]
 Guitar II: [Fingerings: 7 9 8 10, 8 9 8 9, 8 9 10 8 10 10, 10 10 8 9, 10 8 9 8 9, 7 9 9 9 7 5 7 5 7 5 7]
 Bass: [Fingerings: 2 2 2 2, 2 2 1 2 0, 2 2 2 2, 2 2 2 2, 0 0 0 0, 0 7 7 0 2 2, 0 0 0 0, 0 0 4 0 0 1]
 Drums: [Rhythmic notation: 1/2, 1/2, 1/2, 1/2]

Vocal

E D A

Oh People get on down Ah come on down

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

104

Vocal

E D

Ah come on down oh come on down come on down

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Lead

A E D

Oh

yeah, — gon-na, sweet heart

yeah —

Drum I

4

4

Drum II

9 8 7 6 5 4 3

5 6 4 3

7 9 8

10 9 8 9 9 8 9 8

Bass

5 5 5 4 5

7 7

7 7 7 7 7

5 5 5 0 5 5 5 5

Drums

Lead

A E D

Drum I

4

4

Drum II

C C.D S vib

10 10 10 8 8 7 7

7 9 9 7 9 7 5 7

7 5 7 5 7 5 7 9 9 7 9

8 9 10 8 9 8 9 8 9 10 10 10 10

Bass

0 2 0 0 0 0 4 0 0

2 2 2 2 2 2 2 0 0

9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9

7 7 7 7 7 7 7 5

Drums

106

Vocal

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Chords: A, E, D

Notation: Treble and Bass clefs, 4/4 time signature, various musical symbols including notes, rests, and fingerings.

Drum notation includes a double bar line and a 4-measure rest.

Vocal

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Chords: A, E, D

Notation: Treble and Bass clefs, 4/4 time signature, various musical symbols including notes, rests, and fingerings.

Drum notation includes a double bar line and a 4-measure rest.

The musical score for "The Wind" by The Beatles is presented in a multi-staff format. The top staff is for the guitar, showing a melodic line with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The guitar part is divided into four measures, each corresponding to a chord: A, E, D, and D. The second staff is for the bass, showing a melodic line with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The bass part is divided into four measures, each corresponding to a chord: A, E, D, and D. The third staff is for the drums, showing a rhythmic pattern with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The drum part is divided into four measures, each corresponding to a chord: A, E, D, and D. The fourth staff is for the vocal, showing a melodic line with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The vocal part is divided into four measures, each corresponding to a chord: A, E, D, and D. The fifth staff is for the piano, showing a melodic line with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The piano part is divided into four measures, each corresponding to a chord: A, E, D, and D. The sixth staff is for the guitar, showing a melodic line with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The guitar part is divided into four measures, each corresponding to a chord: A, E, D, and D. The seventh staff is for the bass, showing a melodic line with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The bass part is divided into four measures, each corresponding to a chord: A, E, D, and D. The eighth staff is for the drums, showing a rhythmic pattern with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The drum part is divided into four measures, each corresponding to a chord: A, E, D, and D. The ninth staff is for the vocal, showing a melodic line with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The vocal part is divided into four measures, each corresponding to a chord: A, E, D, and D. The tenth staff is for the piano, showing a melodic line with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The piano part is divided into four measures, each corresponding to a chord: A, E, D, and D. The eleventh staff is for the guitar, showing a melodic line with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The guitar part is divided into four measures, each corresponding to a chord: A, E, D, and D. The twelfth staff is for the bass, showing a melodic line with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The bass part is divided into four measures, each corresponding to a chord: A, E, D, and D. The thirteenth staff is for the drums, showing a rhythmic pattern with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The drum part is divided into four measures, each corresponding to a chord: A, E, D, and D. The fourteenth staff is for the vocal, showing a melodic line with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The vocal part is divided into four measures, each corresponding to a chord: A, E, D, and D. The fifteenth staff is for the piano, showing a melodic line with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The piano part is divided into four measures, each corresponding to a chord: A, E, D, and D. The sixteenth staff is for the guitar, showing a melodic line with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The guitar part is divided into four measures, each corresponding to a chord: A, E, D, and D. The seventeenth staff is for the bass, showing a melodic line with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The bass part is divided into four measures, each corresponding to a chord: A, E, D, and D. The eighteenth staff is for the drums, showing a rhythmic pattern with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The drum part is divided into four measures, each corresponding to a chord: A, E, D, and D. The nineteenth staff is for the vocal, showing a melodic line with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The vocal part is divided into four measures, each corresponding to a chord: A, E, D, and D. The twentieth staff is for the piano, showing a melodic line with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The piano part is divided into four measures, each corresponding to a chord: A, E, D, and D.

The musical score is arranged in five systems, each with a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) and a vocal line. The key signature is D major (two sharps). The tempo is marked 'Moderato'.

- System 1:** The guitar part (Guitar I) plays a series of chords: A, E, D, and A. The vocal line (Vocal) is silent.
- System 2:** The guitar part (Guitar I) plays a series of chords: A, E, D, and A. The vocal line (Vocal) is silent.
- System 3:** The guitar part (Guitar I) plays a series of chords: A, E, D, and A. The vocal line (Vocal) is silent.
- System 4:** The guitar part (Guitar I) plays a series of chords: A, E, D, and A. The vocal line (Vocal) is silent.
- System 5:** The guitar part (Guitar I) plays a series of chords: A, E, D, and A. The vocal line (Vocal) is silent.

BROWN SUGAR

ブラウン・シュガー

Words & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richard

印象的なギター・リフから始まる曲。ただし他の曲と異なる点は、このフレーズがボーカルとからまないことだ。いつもは、フレーズのトップの音がボーカルをなぞっていることが多いのに。つまりこの曲は、作曲のアプローチの仕方が違っていることを意味している。純粋にイントロというものを考えた結果が、このリフなんじゃないかと思う。まず最初の8小節、これはいつものパターンで割と簡単。問題は次の9～16小節だ。キースにしては、珍しくポジションが動くリフになっている。キーCで、E^b、A^bコードの登場となると、それだけでストーンズにしては考えたな、まじめに取りくんだな、などと推測してしまう。それと、この部分はポジションが低く、運指もちよつと変わっているの、とくにイントロの11、15小節目は要注意。やはりこの譜面通り2本のギターで同じリフを演奏しなければ、この厚みは出ないので、イ

ントロのリフが肝心。ドラムスはバス・ドラムのパターンをみると、8ビート・ロックンロールのニュアンスだが、もうちよつと泥臭いものとなっている。例えば④の2カッコ、あるいは⑤を見してほしい。ハイハットの8分をきざまないで、バス・タムできざんでいる。これはかなり特長が濃く出てしまうので、このパターンを使うには勇気がいるのだが、ここではバッチリ。土人の臭いがしてきそうな感じだ。ドラムスをサポートするのがベース。この曲では8分フレーズに徹しているが、これが落ち着きを出す結果を生んでいる。とくにイントロの3、5、7小節のコードCにおいてのベース音Gは有効に聴こえるね。「ブラウン・シュガー」が収められているアルバム『スティッキー・フィンガーズ』にはギター・プレイが素晴らしい曲がたくさん入っているので、ぜひ聴きこんでほしい。

110

VOCAL C G C F C G C F C G C F

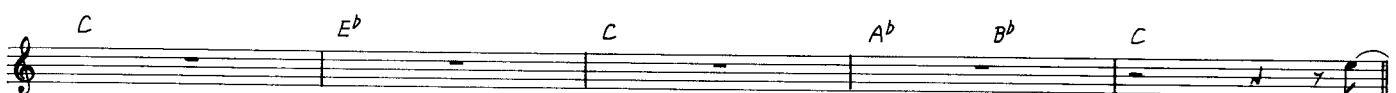
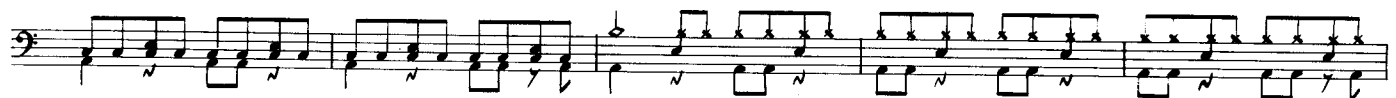
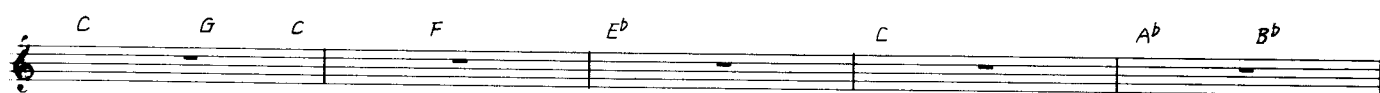
GUITAR I
(1st String = D)
(5th String = G)

GUITAR II

BASS

DRUMS

The musical score is arranged in five staves. The vocal staff at the top shows a melody of eighth notes with lyrics 'C G C F C G C F C G C F'. The Guitar I staff features a complex riff with many accidentals and a note density that suggests a double-tracked sound. The Guitar II staff provides a complementary melodic line. The Bass staff shows a steady eighth-note pattern. The Drums staff indicates a simple 8-beat rock pattern with bass drum and snare hits.



Gold _



A

— coast slave — ship bound for cot-ton fields — sold — in a mar-ket down in New Or - leans — Scar - red old slav - er know he's
 — best cold — Eng-lish blood rum hot — La - dy of the house wond'-rin where it's gonna stop House — boy knows — that he's

Measures 1-8 of section A. The vocal line starts with a C-sharp and an F-sharp. The guitar line has fret numbers 5, 7, 10, 11, 12. The piano line has chords like C, F, C, F. The bass line has notes like C, E, G, B, D, F, A, C.

B

doin' al - right — Hear — him whip the wo - men Just — a round mid - night Brown Su-gar —
 doin' al - right — You — should have heard him Just — a round mid - night Brown Su-gar —
 get down — Brown Su-gar — how —

Measures 9-16 of section B. The vocal line starts with a B-flat and a C-sharp. The guitar line has fret numbers 5, 7, 10, 11, 12. The piano line has chords like Bb, C, G. The bass line has notes like Bb, D, F, A, C, E, G, Bb.

C *G* *C*

how come you tasters so good — A ha ha
 how come you tasters so good — A ha ha
 — come you tasters so good — Ah — got get down —

Brown Su-gar — just like a young girl Should
 Brown Su-gar — just like a young girl Should
 Brown Su-gar — just like a young girl Should

The first system of the musical score includes a vocal melody line with lyrics, a piano accompaniment with chords and arpeggios, and guitar/bass lines with fret numbers. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. Chord symbols C and G are indicated above the vocal line.

1. *E^b* *C* *C* *C*

— A ha ha — Wow!
 — A ha ha — Hey!
 — Now!

Wow — Drum —

The second system continues the musical score. It includes a vocal melody line with lyrics, a piano accompaniment, and guitar/bass lines. Chord symbols E^b, C, and C are indicated above the vocal line. The piano part features a sequence of chords and arpeggios. The guitar/bass part includes fret numbers and rhythmic notation.

2.

E^b C A^b B^b C (3 times) E^b

~ Sax Solo ~

C A^b B^b C

Ah _____

Coda

C

I bet your ma-ma was a Tent show queen — and —

The musical score for "Sweet Sixteen" features four systems of music. Each system includes a vocal melody line at the top, followed by two staves for guitar (T and B), and a bass line at the bottom. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The tempo is marked "F" (Forte) and the time signature is common time (C).

Vocal Melody:

- System 1: *F* all her girl-friends were sweet six - teen *C* I'm no school boy but I know what I like *B♭* You should have heard him just.
- System 2: Continuation of the vocal melody.
- System 3: Continuation of the vocal melody.
- System 4: Continuation of the vocal melody.

Guitar (T and B):

- System 1: T and B parts with fret numbers (e.g., 10, 11, 12) and rhythmic notation.
- System 2: Continuation of guitar parts.
- System 3: Continuation of guitar parts.
- System 4: Continuation of guitar parts.

Bass:

- System 1: Bass line with eighth notes and quarter notes.
- System 2: Continuation of bass line.
- System 3: Continuation of bass line.
- System 4: Continuation of bass line.

The musical score for "Brown Sugar" by The Notorious B.I.G. is presented in a multi-staff format. The top staff features the vocal melody with lyrics: "a-round mid - night", "Brown Su-gar how come you tastes so good yeah", and "Ah Brown Brown." Above the staff are chord markers: C, D, G, C, and G. The second staff shows the guitar accompaniment, including a solo section with a key signature change to two flats. Below the guitar staff are two staves for the bass line, each with a corresponding guitar tab. The bass line includes a solo section marked with a 's' and a key signature change to two flats. The score concludes with a double bar line and a final bass line staff.

C G C

Brown Su-gar just like a young girl should yeah

116

[E] G C

I say yeah yeah yeah wow! How come you how come you taste so good Yeah
 yeah yeah wow! Just like a just like a young girl should Yeah

The image displays a musical score for the song "The Sound of Silence" by Simon & Garfunkel. The score is arranged for guitar, vocal, and piano. The guitar part is written in standard notation with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The vocal part is written in a simplified notation with lyrics. The piano part is written in standard notation with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The score is divided into four systems, each containing a guitar staff, a vocal staff, and a piano staff. The first system includes the lyrics "yeah yeah wow!". The second system includes the lyrics "the sound of silence". The third system includes the lyrics "the sound of silence". The fourth system includes the lyrics "the sound of silence". The score is written in a clear and legible font, with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The guitar part is written in standard notation with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The vocal part is written in a simplified notation with lyrics. The piano part is written in standard notation with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The score is divided into four systems, each containing a guitar staff, a vocal staff, and a piano staff. The first system includes the lyrics "yeah yeah wow!". The second system includes the lyrics "the sound of silence". The third system includes the lyrics "the sound of silence". The fourth system includes the lyrics "the sound of silence".

TUMBLING DICE

ダイスをころがせ

Words & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richard

この曲もギターはオープンGチューニングで、4フレットにカポタストをつけて演奏している。2本のギターは、ともにエフェクターなどつけず、アンプに直接プラグ・インしているナチュラルなものだ。少しディストーションしているが、アタッチメントは使わずに、アンプで自然にディストーションさせた方が良さそう。Guitar IIは、スライド奏法を行っている。これは、左手の小指などにスライド・バーをつけてプレイしているものだ。図のギター・ソロの部分では、スライド・バーを使わず、指でフレットを押え、チョーキングを行っている部分もあるが、スライド・

バーはつけたままにしておき、他の指を使ってもうまくフレットを押えるようにしよう。この曲では、ピアノも弾かれているが、スペースがないので省略させてもらった。これは、シンプルにコードを8分音符で刻んでいるものであり、問題なくプレイできるだろう。この曲のベース、ドラムは、ほとんどオーソドックスな8ビートのパターンを弾いている。テンポも演奏しやすいミディアムだ。リズムがはしらないように注意して、ノリの良い演奏を心がけたい。

18

Vocal

Intro

Um Yeah

Other

<Chorus>

Open G, Capo: 4

Guitar I

(G)

Woo

Open G, Capo: 4

Guitar II

Slide Guitar

Bass

Drums

Vocal *B* *A* *B*

Wo - man think I'm tas - ty al - ways trying to waste me make _____ me burn the can - die right down

Other

Guitar I *(G)* *(G)*

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *B* *F#* *B* *F#* *B* *E*

_____ Ba - by _____ Ba - by _____ (I) don't need jewels _____ in my crown

Other

Guitar I *(G)* *Ba - by (D)* *by (G)* *Ba - by (D)* *by (G)* *(C)*

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *F#* *B*
 'Cause all _____ you wo - men is low _____ down gamb - lers Cheat -

Other

Guitar I *(D)* *(G)*

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *B* *F#* *B*
 - ing like I don't know how _____ Ba - by _____ I know

Other

Guitar I *(G)* *Ba - by* *(D)* *(G)*

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *F# B E F#*
cra - zy There's fe - ver in the funk house now This

Other
cra - zy fe - ver in the funk house now

Guitar I *(D) (G) (C) (D)*

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *C B*
low down bitch - in' got my poor feet a - ich - ing Do you know the dance it still wild

Other

Guitar I *(G)*

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal

B F# B F# B E

Ba - by I can't stay You got to roll me and

Other

(G) Ba - by can't stay roll me

(D) (D) (G) (C)

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal

E B (D) B

all me the tum - bl - ing dice Al - ways in a hurry I

Other

all me the tum - bl - ing dice

(C) (G) (G)

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *B* *F#* *B*

ne - ver stop to wor - ry Don't see the time flash - ing by Ho - ney got no

Other

Guitar I *(G)* *(D)* *(G)*

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *F#* *B* *E* *F#* *E* *B*

I'm all si - x and se - vens (and) nines Say now, ba - by, I'm the

Other *(D)* *(G)* *(C)* *(D)* *(G)*

mo - ney si - x and se - vens (and) nines

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *B* rank out - si - der You — can be my part - ner in crime — *F# B* Ba - by — I

Other

Guitar I *(G)* *(D)* *(G)*

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *F# B E* can't stay — (You) got (to) roll — me (and) call me the tum - bl - ing Oh yeah,

Other can't stay — Roll — me

Guitar I *(D)* *(G)* *(C)*

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

1 = 4

The musical score is arranged in five staves, each with a label on the left: Vocal, Other, Guitar I, Guitar II, and Bass. The drums part is indicated by a 'Drums' label at the bottom left. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The vocal line includes lyrics: 'ma, babe' and 'um'. The guitar parts include chord symbols (B, F#, C, D, H) and fret numbers. The bass part includes a 'Slide Guitar' section. The drums part includes a 'CD' (Cymbal) section. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines, with some measures containing a double bar line and a percentage sign (%).

This musical score is for the song "The Sound of Silence" by Simon & Garfunkel. It is arranged for a six-piece band. The score is written in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The key signature is indicated by a single sharp (F#) on the vocal line. The tempo is marked as "Moderato". The score is divided into four measures. The vocal line features a melodic line with lyrics "Hello, hello, good-bye, good-bye, silence." The guitar lines provide harmonic support, with Guitar I playing a melodic line and Guitar II playing a rhythmic line. The bass line provides a steady bass line, and the drums provide a steady beat. The score is written for a six-piece band: Vocal, Other, Guitar I, Guitar II, Bass, and Drums. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The tempo is marked as "Moderato". The score is divided into four measures. The vocal line features a melodic line with lyrics "Hello, hello, good-bye, good-bye, silence." The guitar lines provide harmonic support, with Guitar I playing a melodic line and Guitar II playing a rhythmic line. The bass line provides a steady bass line, and the drums provide a steady beat.

Vocal *F# B E F# G B*

Oh, my, — my, my, — I'm the lone

Other

Guitar I *(D) (G) (C) (D) (G)*

Guitar II *<Slide Guitar>*

Bass

Drums

126

Vocal *B F# B*

— crap shoo - ter Play - in' the field — e - very night — night, — Ba - by —

Other

Guitar I *(G) Ba - by (D) (G)*

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal

can't stay — You got to roll — me call me the tum - bl - ing

Other

can't (D) stay (G) roll (C) me call me the tum - bl - ing

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

< Slide Guitar >

Vocal

roll — me call me the tum - bl - ing Yah — got to

Other

Yah — got to roll me got to

Guitar I

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

128

Vocal

roll me got to roll me, um, um yeah got to

Other

roll me got to roll me got to

Guitar I

(C) (G) (D) (C) (G)_s (D)_s

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal

roll me, um um got to roll me, um yeah got to

Other

roll me got to roll me got to

Guitar I

(C) (G) (C) (G)

Guitar II

Bass

Drums

Vocal *E* *B* *E* *B*
roll me, ah, ah _____ got to roll me, ah ah _____ got to

Other
roll me keep on roll - ring got to roll me keep on roll - ring got to

Guitar I *(C)* *(G)* *4 (C)* *(G)*

Guitar II

Bass
② 2 4 2 2 2 1 4 1 8 6 4 1

Drums

Vocal *E* *B* *E* *B*
roll me, ah, Yeah, _____ got to roll _____ me I'm _____ the tum - bl - ing

Other
roll me keep on roll - ring got to roll me got to

Guitar I *(C)* *(G)* *(C)* *(G)*

Guitar II

Bass
② 2 2 ② 2 2

Drums

Repeat: 3

ANGIE

恋しみのアンジー

Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richard

一連のストーンズのナンバーとは、ちょっと雰囲気が違うようだが、名曲として、いつまでも残る曲の1つといえそう。曲調はスロー・テンポのバラードだ。この曲で使われているギターは、アコースティック・ギターだけで、チューニングはノーマルなものだ。譜面は、1本のギターしか載せられなかったが、途中からもう1本別のギターもコード・ストロークを行っている。これもやはりアコースティック・ギターで、シンプルに8ビートのストロークを行っているものだ。この曲では、キーボードとして、ピアノも活躍している。これは単純にコードを弾いているものでは

なく、メロディアスなプレイだ。繰り返しや、ダル・セーニョの後の部分では、譜面のフレーズを発展させて、アドリブでプレイしてもよいだろう。この他この曲では、ストリングスも入れられている。これはメロトロンという楽器を使ったものと思われるがシンセなどでプレイすれば問題ないだろう。この曲のドラムは、全体的に静かにプレイしているが、時々ハイハットをオープンさせてアクセントを入れているのが印象的だ。このハイハットは、タイミングよくペダリングを行い、鋭いプレイをしたい。

130

Vocal

Intro Am E Gsus4 F#sus4 F C G on B

Other

<Strings>

Keyboard

<Piano>

Guitar

(Harm.)

Bass

Drums

A Am E Gsus4 F#sus4 F C G#mB

Vocal: An - gie, An - gie, When will those clouds all di - sa - pear _____

Other: _____

Keyboard: _____ R.H. _____

Guitar: _____

Bass: _____

Drums: _____

Am E Gsus4 F#sus4 F C

Vocal: An - gie, An - gie where will they ever be from here _____ With no

Other: _____

Keyboard: _____

Guitar: _____

Bass: _____

Drums: _____

32

Vocal

to Φ 3

G Am E Gsus4 Fsus4 F to Φ 2

An-gie,
An-gie,
An-gie.

An-gie - gie,
An-gie
An - gie,

You can't say me ne-ver tried
where will it lead us from here
ain't it time me said good-bye

Other

r D, S time Only →

Keyboard

Guitar

Bass

Drums

to 1

F *C* *D* *Am* *E*

Vocal

Other

Keyboard

Guitar

Bass

Drums

An-gie you're beau-ti-ful — I still love you, yeah,
An-gie

Gsus4 *Fsus4* *F* *C* *C*

Vocal

Other

Keyboard

Guitar

Bass

Drums

1. 2.

but airt — it time — we said good-bye — All the dreams
re-mum - ber all - those nights we cried —

D.S.¹

♩ Coda 1

Vocal *Am* *E* *Gsus4* *Fsus4* *F* *C* *GonB*

Other

Keyboard

Guitar

Bass

Drums

34

Vocal *Am* *E* *Gsus4* *Fsus4* *F* *C* *Oh,*

Other

Keyboard

Guitar

Bass

Drums

D.S.2

♩ Coda 2

Vocal: F C G♭ B [F] A♭ E Gsus4 Fsus4 F C
 yeah! let me

Other: [Instrumental]

Keyboard: [Instrumental]

Guitar: [Instrumental]

Bass: [Instrumental]

Drums: [Instrumental]

D.S. 3

♩ Coda 3

Vocal: G Dm A♭ Dm
 An-gie I still love you ba-by e-very-where I look I see your eyes

Other: [Instrumental]

Keyboard: [Instrumental]

Guitar: [Instrumental]

Bass: [Instrumental]

Drums: [Instrumental]

Am Dm Am

Vocal

There ain't a wo - man that comes close to you

Other

Keyboard

Guitar

Bass

Drums

136

C F G H Am

Vocal

Come on ba - by dry your eyes An - gie,

Other

Keyboard

Guitar

Bass

Drums

Vocal

E *Gsus4* *Fsus4* *F* *C*

An - gie. Ain't it good — to be a - live —

Other

Keyboard

Guitar

Bass

Drums

Vocal

Am *E* *Gsus4* *Fsus4* *F* *F rit.* *C*

An - gie, An - gie. they can't say we ne - ver tried —

Other

Keyboard

Guitar

Bass

Drums

LET'S SPEND THE NIGHT TOGETHER

夜をぶっとばせ

Songs & Music by Mick Jagger & Keith Richards

この曲が出た当時は、英米では放送禁止となっていたが、我が国では、「夜をぶっとばせ」という明るい邦題で、ガンガンラジオから流れていた。この譜面は『スティル・ライフ』というアルバムからの採用で、ライブ・バージョンとなっている。それだけに実際の演奏に際しては、極めて現実的なコピー譜となっている。ストーンズのストレートなロックンロール・フィーリングがまっぴらと出ているからね。この曲のメインはやはりギターである。まずギターIをみると、イントロはサビのメロディこそ変のハーモニーを付け、ロックンロール・スタイルに導いて、る。5に入ってから3、4、7、8小節目もそれに準じたコーペ・メンディングになっている。ギターIIはどうであるかということ。こちらにもっとすき間をとり入れたフリーキーなバックイングをして、るが、

ギターIで補えなかった4の9~16小節のボーカルのメロディをうまくサポートしている。このように自由にプレイしているようでも、ツボはちゃんと押さえているところがニクイね。2本のギターのバックイングの存在感が高いから、ボーカルが終わったらギター・ソロ、なんていう展開はまったく必要なくなってしまうわけ。これほど特長のあるサウンドをバンドで出せるよう、さっそくトライしてみよう。ドラムスは、ライブということで、決まったパターンにとらわれず、自由に叩いているので、もうちょつと曲の構成ごとに整理してもいいだろう。エンディングはストーンズならではのもの。このエンディングでにつこり終わるにはまだまだ修業が足りないだろうね。スタジオ録音より軽快さでは劣るものの、力の入ったプレイをここから感じとってほしい。

Intro 07

Sheet music for the song "Let's Spend the Night Together" (夜をぶっとばせ). The score is written for five parts: Vocal, Guitar I, Guitar II, Bass, and Drums. The key signature is C major (one sharp) and the time signature is 4/4. The music is in a 12-bar blues structure. The guitar parts are the most prominent, with Guitar I playing a driving rhythm and Guitar II providing a more melodic counterpoint. The bass and drums provide a solid foundation for the rhythm.

D *G* *Bm* *D7*

A *G* *Bm* *D7* *G*

1.) Now don't you worry 'bout what's on your mind — Oh — no —
 2,3.) I feel so strong (that) I can't dis - guise — Oh — no —

I'm in no hurry I could
 But I just won't a -

3m D7 C

Take my time — Oh — no —
— do — to — give — Oh — no

I'm go-ing red — and my tongue's get-ting tired —
I'll sa-tis-fy — your — ev-ery need —

G D C Bm

— tongue's get-ting tired —
— ev-ery need —

I'm off my head — and my mouth's get-ting dry —
And now I know — (you) sa-tis-fy me

I'm high, but I
Oh — my,

Bm B D7

try, try, try — Let's spend the night — to - ge - ther Now I need you more — than e - ver
my, my, my, — my

This system contains measures 1 through 4. The vocal melody starts with 'try, try, try' and continues with 'Let's spend the night to - ge - ther'. The guitar accompaniment features a steady eighth-note pattern in the electric guitar and a more complex, syncopated pattern in the acoustic guitar. Chords Bm and B D7 are indicated at the beginning.

D7 G *Bm* *D7*

Let's spend the night — to - ge - ther — now —

This system contains measures 5 through 8. The vocal melody continues with 'Let's spend the night to - ge - ther now'. The guitar accompaniment transitions between D7, G, Bm, and D7 chords. The electric guitar part includes a solo in measure 7, and the acoustic guitar part has a solo in measure 8. The system ends with a double bar line.

D7 G^2 Bm D7

Let's spend the night — to — ge — ther

D C

Now I need you more — than e — ver Let's spend the night — to — ge — ther Let's spend the night —
 (now ———)

C *G* *C* *G*

— to-ge-ther Now I need you more — than e - ver you know I'm sin-

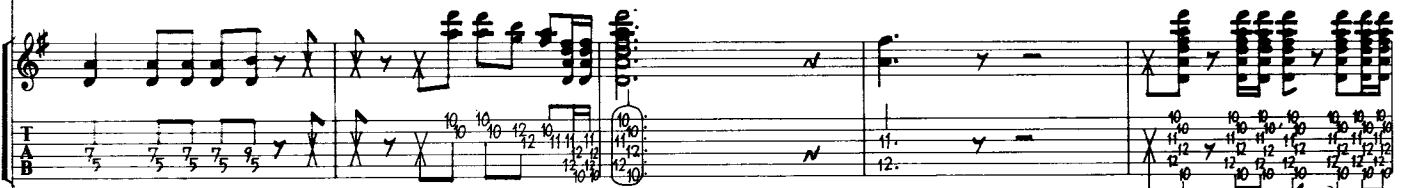
The first system of the musical score consists of five staves. The top staff is the vocal melody, with lyrics "to-ge-ther Now I need you more than e - ver you know I'm sin-". The second staff is the guitar part, featuring a complex sequence of chords and arpeggios, with some notes marked with 'X'. The third staff is the bass line, which includes a sequence of notes and rests. The fourth and fifth staves are the piano accompaniment, with the fourth staff showing a sequence of notes and rests, and the fifth staff showing a sequence of notes and rests.

C *G*

- - ing, ba - by You need some guid - ing, ba - by I need you by — me ba - - by

The second system of the musical score consists of five staves. The top staff is the vocal melody, with lyrics "- - ing, ba - by You need some guid - ing, ba - by I need you by — me ba - - by". The second staff is the guitar part, featuring a complex sequence of chords and arpeggios, with some notes marked with 'X'. The third staff is the bass line, which includes a sequence of notes and rests. The fourth and fifth staves are the piano accompaniment, with the fourth staff showing a sequence of notes and rests, and the fifth staff showing a sequence of notes and rests.

D7



Coda *G* *Bm* *E* *D7* *G*

Yeah — I need ya ba - by

Bm *D7* *G* *Bm*

Yeah — More — than e - ver — now — Yeah —

Chord progression: D7, G, Bm, D7

Lyrics: More than e-ver now Oh yeah su-gar



Chord progression: G, Bm, D7

Lyrics: More than e-ver now



3x Repeat (2, 3x: Simile)

D7

Let's spend the night — to - ge - ther Now I need you more — than e - ver Let's spend the night —

to - ge - ther now —

TIME IS ON MY SIDE

ライブ・アルバム『スティル・ライフ』からだが、これは素晴らしい出来。もう涙なくしては聴けないね。この曲は注目すべき点がいろいろあるので、頭の方から順を追ってみよう。まずイントロのアルペジオ。これもほとんどソロに近いだけに難しい。とくに3連のリズムだからね。最近ギター・ソロは弾けてもアルペジオはできないなどという本末転倒な人がいるから、この機会に正確にピッキングし、正確なリズムを出せるよう練習するといい。イントロのギターIIはこれはもうフィーリングの世界というしかない。自然にプレイできるまで繰り返そう。Aの歌い出しの“Time”というところのフェイクは、この曲に対するミツクの思い入れがよく表われているところ。敬意を表して、コピーしよう。そう、ミツクになりきってね。Aの5、6小節のギターIのフィ

ル・インは、ブルース・フィーリング満載のフレーズ。とくにスライド、チョーキングなどの技は、大事に取り入れよう。BからのギターIのソロはもう圧巻。1～5小節の間のとり方はもうこれ以上考えられないというもの。後半3小節のたたみかけるようなフレーズも、盛り上げるね。そして最後の小節のリズムのキメを経て、Aにダル・セーニョ。ここでスッとボリュームを下げるあたりは、やはり年季としかいえないだろう。コーダのリピートも、サラッと流して3カッコの3拍、4拍目でリズム・セクションをつけ、エンディングとしている。これはカッコいいね。最後のコードは突然Fメジャー7th。これもGOOD! ストーンズにしては、バッチリきまった(?)エンディング。やはりこういうバラードはライブの方が数倍いいね。

48

Intro

VOCAL F B^b C F

吉田 和子

ギター I

ギター II 8va →

BASS

DRUMS

[A] 2.3 time Chorus

B^b C F

Time _____ is on my side _____, Yes it is _____ Time _____ is on my
 (Time _____ is on my side _____ Time _____ is on my

TAB

UD QU

UD QU

1x tacet

1x (%) (%) (%)

YOU'RE SO CLOSE

side _____, Yes it is _____
side _____)

You're so close' for good times _____
'Cause I got the real love _____
'Cause I got the real love _____

But just wait and see
The kind that you need
The kind that you need

You'll come runnin' back

CHORDS: B^b, C, Dm, C, Dm, C, C, B^b

INSTRUMENTS: G (Guitar), B (Guitar), T (Bass), B (Bass), (Drums)

LYRICS:

You're so close' for good times _____
'Cause I got the real love _____
'Cause I got the real love _____

But just wait and see
The kind that you need
The kind that you need

You'll come runnin' back

CHORDS: B^b, C, Dm, C, Dm, C, C, B^b

INSTRUMENTS: G (Guitar), B (Guitar), T (Bass), B (Bass), (Drums)

LYRICS:

You're so close' for good times _____
'Cause I got the real love _____
'Cause I got the real love _____

But just wait and see
The kind that you need
The kind that you need

You'll come runnin' back

C *B^b* *C* *B^b* *C* *to C* *B^b*

You'll come runnin' back You'll come runnin' back to me Go ahead a little go ahead

The first system of the musical score includes a vocal melody line with lyrics, a guitar part with various fret numbers (5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 13, 15) and techniques (bends, slides), and a bass part with fret numbers (3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 13, 15) and techniques (bends, slides). The key signature changes from C major to B-flat major.

F *B^b* *F* *B^b*

Go ahead and light up the town Baby do anything your little heart desires Remember I will always be around One day you'll be back walkin' through that

The second system of the musical score includes a vocal melody line with lyrics, a guitar part with various fret numbers (5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 13, 15) and techniques (bends, slides), and a bass part with fret numbers (3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 13, 15) and techniques (bends, slides). The key signature changes from B-flat major to F major.

same door But you don't need to be shy for it baby Just screamin' out for it No, no, no,

Coda

1. 2.

3.

Time time time is on my side yes it is side yeah!

HARLEM SHUFFLE

ハーレム・シャッフル

Music by Earl Nelson & Bob Finkel

不思議な雰囲気のアートからこの曲は始まっている。ここは、フリー・テンポになっているので、イン・テンポになる3小節目のタイミングに注意してプレイしよう。この曲では、3本以上のギターが重ねて録音されているが、譜面の都合上省略した音もある。これらのギターは非常にラフで、バラバラに弾いているようだが、全体として、ひとつのノリを出しており、これがストーンズ・サウンドの1つの特徴だ。とにかく、ノリを大事にして演奏してもらいたい。ノーマルなベースのチューニングでは演奏不可能なD[#]の音が弾かれている部分がある。これは、譜面のように4弦をD[#]に下げてチューニングすれば解決するだろう。タブ譜は、このチューニングによるものを記しておいた。又、ベースのすべての弦を半音下げてチューニングしてもよい。どちらでも、各自弾きやすい方法を選んでもらいたい。この曲では、キーボードと

して、エレピとオルガンの音が入っている。両方ともに単純なパターンの演奏だが、全体のノリをくずさない様に気をつけたい。この曲は、G[#]m、A、Am、B^bといったキーが入りみだれており、転調の部分がたくさんある。そのつどに、キメのフレーズをギターが弾いているのだが、それ以外の部分では、リズム・カッティングと、オブリガートのフレーズを延々と弾いている。譜面通り、正確に弾いてもよいが、フレーズの感じをつかんだら、譜面にとらわれず、自由に弾いてみるとよいだろう。この曲でのオブリガートは、すべてペンタトニック・スケールによる演奏だ。このスケールの使い方を、ぜひマスターしてもらいたい。なお、エンディングのフェード・アウト部分では、サンプリング・シンセを使ったと思われる、オーケストラ風のフレーズが少し聴かれるが、譜面では省略させてもらった。

Intro 1. Bm

VOCAL

Woo

Intro 2. G[#]m

Woo

(Organ)

KEYBOARD

(E. Piano)

GIITAR I

GIITAR II

BASS (4th String = D[#])

DRUMS

[A] *G#m*

You mo - ve to the left Yeah, you go for your-self You
 scratch just like a mon - key Yeah, ya do re - al cool you

mo - ve to the right if it takes all night
 slide to the lim - bo Yeah, How low can you go?

[B]

A

Now take it kind a slow — With a whole lotta soul — Don't
 Now come on ba - by (Yeah, come on baby) Don't fall down on me now — Just

(Organ)
 (E. Piano)

2x cym. → (2x cym.) →

[C]

G#m

[D]

G#m

move — it too fast — Just make it last — You Yeah, yeah, — yeah, —
 move — it night here to the Har-lem Shu - ffe

(E. Piano)

tr. wavy tr. wavy

$G^{\#m}$ G A^m H A^m

Hitch, hitch, hitch hike ba -

(Organ)

(E. Piano)

- by, a-cross the floor _____ oh _____, oh _____, oh _____, I can't stand it no more.

Am I B^b

Now come on ba - by (Now come on ba-by) you get into your side

(Organ)

Tablature for guitar and bass is provided below the staff lines.

J Am

Oh, Just ride, ride, ride, till' po - ny ride

(Organ)
(E. Piano)

Tablature for guitar and bass is provided below the staff lines.

[K]

Am

1. 3. 4.) Yeah, yeah, — yeah, — Do the Har - lem shu - ffe
 2.) Yeah, yeah, — yeah, — Shake a tale fea - ther, ba - by (Shake, shake, shake, shake —)

(Organ)

(E. Piano)

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Yeah, yeah, — yeah, — Do the Har - lem shu - ffe (Do the Mon key Shine —)
 Yeah, yeah, — yeah, — Shake a tale fea - ther ba - by

Repeat & Fade Out